

交际用语

- 1、—Are you on holiday here. — () .-->(No, we aren't. We live here)
- 2、—Can you explain it again?— () -->(Let me put it in another way.)
- 3、—Can you go out with us for dinner this evening. —() .-->(Thanksa lot, but I'm busy tonight.)
- 4、—Can you help me clear up the mess? — () .-->(No problem)
- 5、—Can you tell me where I can park the car. — () .-->(Well, just over there)
- 6、—Could I talk to Prof. Lee? — () .-->(Yes, speaking)

7. —Did the medicine make you feel better? —No. The more () , () I feel.-->(medicine I take: the worse)

8. —Do you think cosmetic surgery is more popular with women? — ()

B. Yes,absolutely.Because women pay more attention to beauty

9. —Do you know the youngest professor of our university? He died last week. —Oh, () .

A.it's hard to believe

10. —Do you mind if I read the newspaper on the table? — () .-->(Go ahead, please)

11. —Do you mind my using my mobile phone here ?

B.No , of course not

12. —Do you prefer a portable or a clumsy 3D printer? — ()

C. I prefer a portable one to a clumsy one

13. —Do you think I can borrow your bike for a few hours. — () -->(I'm sorry, but I really need it this afternoon.)

14. —Excuse me, could you tell the time?— () -->(It's three thirty by my watch.)

15. —Excuse me, where is Dr Smith's office? — () .-->(Sorry, I don't know. But you can ask the man over there.)

16. —Good afternoon. Can I help you . — () -->(I need to buy a birthday present for my son.)

17. —Good morning, sir. May I help you? — () .-->(Yes, I need some salt.)

18. —Gordon , may I ask you a question ?— ()

B. Just go ahead

19. —Have a nice holiday, Ted.-->(Thank you, and you too)

20. —Have you ever been to Tokyo. — () .-->(No, but I hope to go there next year)

21. —Have you got it into our legal counsel Mr.Davis? — ()

A. Yes,as soon as I get the notice

22. —Hello, may I speak to John? — () -->(Just a second, please.)

23. —Here you are, Sir.-->(Thank you very much)

24. —Hi, Molly, are you free this afternoon?

A. Yeah, no plans yet.

25. —How about having a drink? — ()

A. Good idea

26. —How are you feeling now. — () .-->(Much better)

27. —How can you prove that your client is innocent?— () .

C. Here is the evidence, your honor

28. —How have you been lately, Molly? — () -->(Not bad.)

29. —How long will you be away from Italy. — () .-->(About a month)

30. —How many languages does Peter speak. — () -->(Five languages.)

31. —How was the journey to London. — () .-->(It went very well)

32. —I am really fed up with Larry! — () -->(Why do you say that?)

33. —I didn't know my identity card was needed, sir. — () -->(Sorry, but that's no excuse.)

34. —I' ve got a bad cold today.

C. Oh, dear! I hope you get better soon.

35. —I'm sorry. I am late due to the heavy traffic. ()

C. Well, it's OK

36. —I've got a bad cold today.

Oh, dear! I hope you get better soon

37. —I'm sorry.I am late due to the heavy traffic.— () -->()

38. —I've got a bad cold today.— () .-->(Oh, dear! I hope you get better soon)

39. —If trash is sorted, it can be transferred to factories for further disposal. — () -->(That makes sense.)

40. —If trash is sorted, it can be transf0rred to factories instead of the disposal plant.—That makes sense. ()

A

41. —Is it better to be physically attractive or intelligent?— () .

C. For me, be intelligent is better, but that depends on

42. —Is it going to be warm next week. — () .-->(Yes, it is)

43. —Let's go to the library this afternoon. — () -->(hat's a good ideA.)

44. —May I speak to Prof . Li please. — () .-->(I'm afraid you've got the wrong number)

45. —Molly, look at this. The newspaper says we should sort trash.

A. That would be great!

46. —Must we clean the room before we leave?—No, you () .-->(needn't)

47. —Please help yourself to the seafood.— () -->(Thank you, but I'm afraid I don't like seafood.)

48. —Sam, this is my friend, Jane.-->(Glad to meet you, Jane)

49. —Sir, I've not understood what you have said just now.—OK, () -->(Let me explain that in more details.)

50. —So sorry to trouble you.-->(It's a pleasure)

51. —Something went wrong with my television last night.-->(I'm sorry to hear that.)

52. —Thank you for your invitation.-->(It's a pleasure.)

53. —Thanks for your tips.

B. It's my pleasure.

54. —These are certainly beautiful flowers. Thank you very much.— () .-->(It's my pleasure.)

55. —This apple pie is too sweet,don't you think so? — () .I think it's just right,actually.

A. Not really

56. —What can we do for the case?— () -->(We could consult our lawyer.)

57. —What do you mean he's impossible to talk to? — () .

A. He doesn't listen when I try to talk to him

58. —What do you think of being a student of social work major?— () .

C. In my opinion, I think it is a wonderful choice

59. —What do you think of death penalty?— () -->(I think it's good in some sense.)

60. —What do you think of this novel?

B. It's well-written.

61. —What do you think of this novel?— () -->(It's well—written.)

62. —What do you usually do in your spare time. — () .-->(Reading)

63. —What does educational quality mean to you?— () , quality education means good learning standards in educational institutions.-->(As far as I'm concerned)

64. —What does your English teacher look like. — () .-->(She looks much like her mother)

65. —What is the most essential issue for improving educational quality? — () -->(It is essential to make sure that every student learns.)

66. —What is your case?— () -->(The prosecution has charged my client of walking off with unpaid stuff)

67. —What time does the train leave? — () .-->(At half past five)

68. —What's the best way to get to the Empire Hotel from here? ()

B. Walking through the wood

69. —What's the fare to the museum? ()

A. Five dollars

70. —What's the matter with you?

I feel a bit sick

71. —What's the weather like in this area?

It's rainy

72. —What's the best way to get to the Empire Hotel from here. — () .-->(Walking through the wood)

73. —What's the fare to the museum?— () -->(Five dollars)

74. —What's the matter with you? — () .-->(I feel a bit sick)

75. —What's the weather like in this area? — () .-->(It's rainy)

76. —Where have you been these days?

B. Actually, I have moved to the country.

77. —Would you like a tea?

Yes, please

78. —Would you like a tea?— () -->(Yes, please)

79. —Would you like another slice of Christmas cake? — () I'm full.-->(No more, thanks.)

80. —Would you like something to drink What about a cup of tea. — () -->(No, thanks.)

81. —You are late. The discussion started 30 minutes ago.— () -->(I am really sorry.)

82. —You needn't do the work till after the New Year.-->(Oh, good! Thank you.)

83. —Your ID card, please.— () -->(Here you are.)

84. — () ?A lot of things are on sale.—That's a good ideA. Let's go.-->(Why don't we go shopping today)

85. — () no need () the radio as I'm used to studying with it on.-->(There's; turning off)

86. — Can you explain it again?— () .

B. Let me put it in another way.

87. — If trash is sorted , it can be transferred to factories instead of the disposal plant.—That makes sense. ()

A. I couldn't agree more.

88. — Let's go to the library this afternoon

C. That's a good idea

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- 1、A police officer claimed that the young man had attempted to () paying his fare.-->(avoid)
- 2、All students are required to translate this poem () English into Chinese.-->(from)
- 3、Although he did not know London well, he made his way () to the airport.-->(easily enough)
- 4、As the bus came round the corner, it ran () a big tree by the roadside.-->(into)
- 5、As the busiest woman there, she made () her duty to look after all the other it
- 6、As the busiest woman there, she made () her duty to look after all the other people's affairs in that town.-->(it)
- 7、Be careful () you cross the road.-->(when)
- 8、Before the final examination, some students have shown of tension. They even signs
- 9、Before the final examination, some students have shown () of tension. They even have trouble in sleeping.-->(signs)
- 10、Both the kids and their parents () English, I think. I know it from their accent.-->(are)
- 11、By the year 2020, China's population probably () 1.4 billion. C. will have reached
- 12、Children should be encouraged to be () thinkers.-->(contributes to)
- 13、Did you notice the guy () head looked like a big potato?-->(whose)
- 14、Do you know the man () under the apple tree?-->(lying)
- 15、Don't put () in the conflict.
- A. ourselves
- 16、Eggs, though rich in nourishments, have () of fat.-->(a large number)
- 17、English teachers must pay due attention () the relationship between language learning and culture learning.
- C. to
- 18、Equality in society is absolutely () equality in access to education.-->(linked to)
- 19、Every country should try their best to provide equal opportunities for every citizen to go on () their education.-->(with)
- 20、Every year thousands of lives () in road accidents because of careless driving.-->(are lose)
- 21、Firemen put their lives () of each and every day.
- B. on the line
- 22、For many students, university is the place () they will be first exposed to different cultures and different people.
- B. where
- 23、Good afternoon. Can I help you?-- () -->(I need to buy a birthday present for my son.)
- 24、Good morning, sir. May I help you?-- () -->(Yes, I need some salt.)

- 25、Had you come five minutes earlier, you () the train to Birmingham. But now you missed it.-->(would have caught)
- 26、Harry, who had failed in the final exam, had a great worry () his mind.-->(on)
- 27、Have you ever visited the Summer Palace, () there are many beautiful halls, ridges and a huge lake?-->(where)
- 28、He didn't pass the exam this time () his headache.-->(because of)
- 29、He had become () city life.
- A. fed up with
- 30、He has got a remarkable () from his injury.
- B. recovery
- 31、He is fond of playing () piano while his brother is interested in listening to () music.-->(the;/)
- 32、He never fails () his mother on her birthday.-->(to phone)
- 33、He sounds so angry whenever I speak my () .
- A. mind
- 34、He studied hard at school when he was young, () contributed a lot to his success.-->(which)
- 35、He talked loudly in the public
- A. on purpose
- 36、He would be studying at the university now if he () the entrance examination.
- C. had passed
- 37、He would be studying at the university now if he () the entrance examination.-->(had passed)
- 38、He would much () it if you could do him the favor.
- C. appreciate
- 39、He () legal profession for 20 years.-->(has engaged in)
- 40、Hello, may I speak to John?-- () -->(Just a second, please.)
- 41、How can he () if he is not () ?-->(hear;listening)
- 42、How I wish I () travel abroad! -->(could)
- 43、How many languages does Peter speak?-- () -->(Five languages.)
- 44、How much has the company () this year?-->(brought in)
- 45、However, in too many countries and societies, women's social () is still low.
- A
- 46、I didn't know my identity card was needed, sir. -- () -->(Sorry, but that's no excuse.)
- 47、I don't know the park, but it's () to be quite beautiful.-->(said)
- 48、I leave my house around at midnight and walk around the city () what I find.-->(gathering)
- 49、I leave my house around at midnight and walk around the city ()
- B. gathering
- 50、I think the benefits of opening up space far () damage that we can see.
- B. outweigh
- 51、I want to buy a () wallet for him.-->(small black leather)
- 52、I was giving a talk to a large group of people, the same talk I () to half a dozen other groups before.-->(had given)

- 53、I wish to () the position of Social Worker as advertised on seek. com. au.
- A. apply for
- 54、If I () in your position, I would marry her.
- C. were
- 55、If it () go to trial, I'm afraid the prosecution will have a field day criticizing our company in the press.-->(does)
- 56、If I () in your position, I would marry her.
- C. were
- 57、If one enters a private house without asking for permission, he is likely to () burglary.-->(be accused of)
- 58、If she wants to stay thin, she must make a () in her diet.-->(change)
- 59、Important () his discovery might be, it was regarded as a matter of no account in his time.-->(as)
- 60、In () , the northerners have a particular liking for dumplings while the southerners are fond of rice.
- C. general
- 61、Is the library () now? No, it's () .-->(open;closed)
- 62、It is high time that we () him the truth.-->(should tell)
- 63、It is no use () to remember only grammar rules.-->(trying)
- 64、It is not until you have lost your health () you know its value.-->(that)
- 65、It is said that () boys in your school like playing football in their spare time, though-->(quite a few)
- 66、It was getting () , he had to stop to have a rest.-->(darker and darker)
- 67、It was not until 1920 () regular radio broadcast began.-->(that)
- 68、It was () he said () disappointed me.-->(what ,that)
- 69、It's a good idea. But who is going to () the plan?
- A. carry out
- 70、It's bad () for you to smoke in the public places where smoking is not allowed.
- A. behavior
- 71、It's high time that he settled down in the country and () a new life.
- B. started
- 72、It's a good idea. But who's is going to () the plan?-->(carry out)
- 73、It's bad () for you to smoke in the public places where smoking is not allowed.-->(behavior)
- 74、It's high time that he settled down in the country and () a new life.-->(started)
- 75、Jane's dress is similar in design () her sister's.
- C. to
- 76、John is sensitive () racial discrimination.
- B. to
- 77、John's father () mathematics in this school ever since he graduated from Harvard University .
- C. has taught
- 78、Living the country life helps us () some of the simpler things.-->(appreciate)
- 79、Mark Twain is a () writer.-->(productive)

80、Mike is better than Peter () swimming.-->(at)	C.digital	133、There aren't () many job vacancies in the country as in the city. -->(as)
81、 Must we clean the room before we leave?—No, you () . C. needn't	108、The benefits of university () a positive , diverse environment must be seen by students. -->(as)	134、 There is no time to waste because the future of schools and students is () the line. C
82、Nancy is () girl.-->(an eighteen-year-old)	109、 The computer system () suddenly while he was searching for information on the Internet.	135、There is still a lot of work () on teacher training. -->(to be done)
83、 Nearly 30 years ago, China () its “Compulsory Education Law”, ensuring quality and equality in education. B.implemented	A. broke down	136、There's lots of fruit () the tree. Our little cat is also in the tree.-->(on)
84、 Neither John () his father was able to wake up early enough to catch the morning nor	110、The customersuedthe company () late delivery of the goods.-->(for)	137、These are certainly beautiful flowers. Thank you very much.-->(It's my pleasure.)
85、Neither John () his father was able to wake up early enough to catch the morning train.-->(nor)	111、The film brought the hours back to me () I was taken good care of in that remote village.-->(when)	138、They have learned about () in recent years.-->(hundreds of English words)
86、Never before () see such a terrible car accident on the road!-->(did I)	112、The global economy requires an educated workforce able to apply the existing technology and () new science and technoligise.-->(to develop)	139、 This is a highly () new heating system. B. efficient
87、No matter () , the little sisters managed to round the sheep up and drive them back home safely.-->(how hard it was snowing)	113、The governments should () more educational funds for training teachers and improving school facilities. -->(set aside)	140、This kind of material expands () the temperature increasing.-->(with)
88、Oh, there aren't as many job () in the country as in the city. -->(vacancies)	114、The new order means () overtime. -->(working)	141、This overcoat cost () . What's more, they are () small for me.-->(too much;much too)
89、On average, a successful lawyer has to talk to several () a day.-->(clients)	115、The old houses are being pulled down to () a new office block.-->(make room for)	142、Tim speaks Italian () Chinese and German. -->(as well as)
90、Original and good research has a trickle-down () on society. -->(effect)	116、The plaintiff () proving his innocence.-->(was in trouble)	143、Today's weather is () worse than yesterday's.-->(much)
91、Our house is about a mile from the railway station and there are not many houses-->(in between)	117、 The plastic surgeon may provide several plans for your facial B. reconstruction	144、 Tom asked me to go to play football and () B. so I did
92、 Pay attention not to tell the plaintiff's lawyer too much, () we may lose the case. B. otherwise	118、 The plastic surgeon may provide several plans for your () B.reconstruction	145、 Tom can speak French. () B. So can Jack
93、 Playing in the street () dangerous A. is	119、The problem is not () so easy as you think. It's far from being settled.-->(nearly)	146、Tom, what did you do with my documents? I have never seen such a () and disorder!-->(mess)
94、Professor Smith promised to look () my paper, that is, to read it carefully before the defence.-->(over)	120、The productivity () economic growth. -->(fosters)	147、 Touch- () 3D maps help the blind too much. A. responsive
95、She did not take () account how much she has paid. -->(into)	121、 The reason why he didn't come to school was () he was ill. C.that	148、Two days is not enough for him to finish the work. He needs () day.-->(a third)
96、She has two best friends. () .-->(Neither of them is in the country)	122、The red flower goes from one to () in the class.-->(another)	149、Two thousand dollars () enough for the car.-->(is)
97、She has two best friends. () of them is in the country.-->(Neither)	123、The sports meeting was put off till the next week () rain.-->(because of)	150、Was () that I saw last night at the concert? -->(it you)
98、She said she would go and she () -->(go. did)	124、The student were all entertained in a Mexican restaurant, at Professor Brian's () -->(expense)	151、 We should sort things () to deal with the prosecution. B. out
99、 She's been interested in computer science () she was eight. B. since	125、 the War of Independence, the United States was an English colony. A. Before	152、 We trust this new product of ours will () to your market. A.appeal
100、 Shortages of professional staff are very () in some places. A.severe	126、The wild flowers looked like a soft orange blanket () the desert.-->(covering)	153、 We'd better () Mr. Devis. A. wait for
101、Shortages of professional staff are very () in some places.-->(severe)	127、 The young actor who had been thought highly of () to be a great disappointment. turned out	154、 We () to deliver the goods within a week . B.guarantee
102、Someone got in and walked () with the bags while we were out. -->(in)	128、The young actor who had been thought highly of () to be a great disappointment.-->(turned out)	155、What he said () correct.-->(is)
103、 Success can breed success,if you () it C. take advantage of	129、The young lady coming over to us () our English teacher;the way she walks tells us that!-->(must be)	156、What is the train () to Birmingham?-->(fare)
104、Team spirit () their final success. -->(contributes to)	130、The young () interested in pop music. -->(are)	157、When Lily came home at 5 pm yesterday, her mother () dinner in the kitchen.-->(was cooking)
105、The atmosphere () certain gases mixed together in definite proportions.-->(consists of)	131、 The () increased the contradictions between the two countries. C. incident	158、 When we were students we () often stay up all night. B.would
106、The baby is hungry, but there's () milk in the bottle.-->(little)	132、There are () evidence to be sorted out. -->(plenty of)	159、 will have reached which
107、 The BBC has just successfully demonstrated a () radio transmission system.		160、Will you () me a favor, please-->(do)
		161、 wish to () the position of Social Worker as advertised on seek, com. au.

A. apply for
 162、With his work completed, the manager stepped back to his seat, feeling pleased () he was a man of action.-->(that)
 163、With these suggestions,your child can grow up to be a () and successful adult that you can be proud of. -->(respectable)
 164、Would you like something () ?-->(to drink)
 165、You are late. The discussion started 30 minutes ago. -->(I am really sorry.)
 166、You know that I'm a person of () temper. Sometimes I just can't control my mouth.-->(hot)
 167、**You should be responsible () your behavior.**
 B. for
 168、You should take () to give Mary the solutions she needs. -->(initiative)
 169、**You shouldn't () your time like that, Bob; you have to finish your school work**
 kill
 170、You shouldn't () your time like that, Bob;you have to finish your school work tonight.-->(kill)
 171、**You will get your cosmetic surgery on your nose.Please tell me if you like this medical plan ()**
 A. or not
 172、**You will quickly get used to () this new digital camera.**
 B.using
 173、You () been to the Great wall. -->(must have)
 174、**Your paper is good, () some grammar mistakes.**
 C. apart from
 175、—Did the medicine make you feel better? —No. The more () , () I feel.-->(medicine I take;the worse)
 176、— () extravagant eating and drinking and pay attention to thrift and economy. -->(Oppose)
 177、— () her and then try to copy what she does.-->(Watch)
 178、— () is not the ultimate goal for us college students. -->(Diploma)
 179、— () is the population of Paris?-->(What)
 180、— () the War of Independence, the United States was an English colony.-->(Before)
 181、— () these honours he received a sum of money. -->(Besides)
 182、— () tomorrow's lessons, Frank has no time to go out with his friends. -->(Not having prepared)
 183、— () trash separated, pollution caused by incineration can be avoided. -->(With)
 184、— () you pick up the case, you will never give up. -->(A once)
 185、 () **you go at once you will be late.**
 A. Unless
 186、 () **her and then try to copy what she does.**
 Watch
 187、 () **hese honours he received a sum of money.**
 C.Besides
 188、 () **Is the population of Paris?**
 C.What
 189、 () **no need () the radio as I'm used to studying with it on.**

There's; turning off
 190、 () **the War of Independence, the United States was an English colony.**
 Before
 191、 () **these honours he received a sum of money.**
 Besides
 192、 () **tomorrow's lessons, Frank has no time to go out with his friends.**
 Not having prepared
 193、 () , **he knows a lot about computer.**
 C.Child as he is
 194、 () **extravagant eating and drinking and pay attention to thrift and economy.**
 B
 195、 () her and then try to copy what she does.-->(Watch)
 196、 () **is not the ultimate goal for us college students .**
B.Diploma
 197、 () is the population of Paris?-->(What)
 198、 () no need () the radio as I'm used to studying with it on.-->(There's;turning off)
 199、 () the War of Independence, the United States was an English colony.-->(Before)
 200、 () these honors he received a sum of money.-->(Besides)
 201、 () tomorrow's lessons, Frank has no time to go out with his friends.-->(Not having prepared)
 202、 () **trash separated, pollution caused by mcmeration can be avoided.**
 B. With
 203、 () **you pick up the case , you will never give up.**
 A. Once
 完成填空(7)--电大资源网: <http://www.dda123.cn/> (微信搜: 905080280)
 1、**Education and academic quality can mean ...**
 2、**Intercultural communication refers to me...**
 3、**Liu Hui: Gordon, may I ask you a questio...**
 4、**Para 1 ()**
 5、**Peter: Molly, look at this. The newspape...**
 6、**Television broadcasting started in the U...**
 7、**The National Union of Students (NUS) wel...**
 1、**Education and academic quality can mean different things to different people,**
 Education and academic quality can mean different things to different people, depending on their perspective, role and context and, (E. in part because of this) , quality is notoriously difficult to evaluate. The question of how to do this has been pursued for many years.
 Nevertheless, the goal of improving educational quality is agreed by all and stimulated further by the recent worldwide economic downturn and the need to counteract the impact of (C. the crisis on economic growth) and prepare for economic recovery.
 As the World Bank and UNESCO said 10 years ago: "The quality of knowledge generated within higher education institutions,

and its availability to the wider economy, is becoming increasingly critical to national competitiveness." They also rightly emphasized that "(D. A strong research system) at the national level opens up the possibility that substantial additional public benefits can be realized through international links."

This is precisely why (B. Chinese students and academics) should contribute to these global benefits, reforming and improving evaluation systems for educational and academic quality. Original and good research, especially in science, economics and social sciences, has a trickle-down effect on society. And it offers additional benefits (A. even without international links) , though international collaboration and exchange of the best evaluation policy and practice can bring substantial advantages to all partners in relation to lessons learned elsewhere.

2、Intercultural communication refers to messages transmitted (C. Intercultural communication)

Intercultural communication refers to messages transmitted between members of two or more different societies. Effective intercultural communication helps firms avoid conflict, prevent misunderstandings, and foster respect.

(E. Avoiding conflicts)

The workplace is growing more diverse every day. Managers cannot assume that what they find inoffensive will also be inoffensive to their subordinates. A lack of sensitivity can lead to claims of discrimination or harassment, which costs firms big money. Intercultural communication involves exercising sensitivity and tact to avoid such conflicts.

(A. The inexactitude of language)

We human beings have developed language to communicate ideas to one another. Still, our language represents an imperfect form of communication. Sometimes, words cannot accurately convey an idea, because the information might be highly complex. Also, a concept that exists in one culture or language might not be part of another. Effective intercultural communication tries to bridge language gaps as effectively as possible so that everyone at the workplace finds themselves on the same page.

(B. Preventing misunderstandings)

Given the inexactitude of language, misunderstandings can frequently arise between people from different cultures when they exchange information. Idioms often become lost in translation. For example, the English expression "to shoulder responsibility" translates into Swedish as "be a man for your hat". Intercultural communication does not rely on expressions native to a particular language that could lead to confusion; rather, it relies on clear messages that all parties understand.

(D. Fostering respect)

Communication happens differently in various cultures. What one society finds acceptable may be anathema to another. When coworkers from different cultures do not take these differences into account, not only does communication suffer but conflicts come to the fore. Effective intercultural communication does not try to ignore

societal differences; rather, it respects the variations among the human race and enables people to transmit information clearly.

3、Liu Hui: Gordon, may I ask you a question

Liu Hui: Gordon, may I ask you a question

Gordon: Hi, Liu Hui. (C. Just go ahead.)

Liu Hui: Do I need to pay for a TV license if I only watch TV online in the UK

Gordon: Yes, indeed. You need to be covered by a TV license if you watch or record programs as they're being shown on TV or live on an online TV service.

Liu Hui: Including watching TV on computers and mobile phones

Gordon: (E. Exactly, even digital boxes.)

It is the law.

Liu Hui: I see. How much is the license fee

Gordon: It costs £ for a color TV license and £ for a black and white TV license.

Liu Hui: That's a lot of money for a year. (A. Does it cost the same for every household)

Gordon: It costs the same for all applicants under 75. When you reach the age of 75, you may apply for a free Over 75 TV License.

Liu Hui: I see.

Gordon: Do you need such a license in China

Liu Hui: (D. We do for the live Cable TV programs.)

Gordon: Oh, it sounds similar. But for BBC, the license fee is the main source of income. There is no advertising on the BBC channels.

Liu Hui: By the way, where should I go to pay for my license

Gordon: (B. You can pay right here, on the Internet!)

Liu Hui: Well, sure! Thank you!

4、Para 1 ()

Para 1 (C. INTERCULTURAL COMMUNICATION)

Intercultural communication refers to messages transmitted between members of two or more different societies. Effective intercultural communication helps firms avoid conflict, prevent misunderstandings, and foster respect.

Para 2 (E. AVOIDING CONFLICTS)

The workplace is growing more diverse every day. Managers cannot assume that what they find inoffensive will also be inoffensive to their subordinates. A lack of sensitivity can lead to claims of discrimination or harassment, which costs firms big money. Intercultural communication involves exercising sensitivity and tact to avoid such conflicts.

Para 3 (A. THE INEXACTITUDE OF LANGUAGE)

We human beings have developed language to communicate ideas to one another. Still, our language represents an imperfect form of communication. Sometimes, words cannot accurately convey an idea, because the information might be highly complex. Also, a concept that exists in one culture or language might not be part of another. Effective intercultural communication tries to bridge language gaps as effectively as possible so that everyone at the workplace finds themselves on the same page.

Para 4 (B. PREVENTING MISUNDERSTANDINGS)

Given the inexactitude of language, misunderstandings can frequently arise between people from different cultures when they exchange information. Idioms often become lost in translation.

For example, the English expression to shoulder responsibility translates into Swedish as be a man for your hat. Intercultural communication does not rely on expressions native to a particular language that could lead to confusion; rather, it relies on clear messages that all parties understand.

Para 5 (D. FOSTERING RESPECT)

Communication happens differently in various cultures. What one society finds acceptable may be anathema to another. When coworkers from different cultures do not take these differences into account, not only does communication suffer but conflicts come to the fore. Effective intercultural communication does not try to ignore societal differences; rather, it respects the variations among the human race and enables people to transmit information clearly.

5、Peter: Molly, look at this. The newspaper says we should sort trash.

Peter: Molly, look at this. The newspaper says we should sort trash.

Molly: That would be great! I always hate it when people mixing all the trash together.

Peter: (E. That is really a great advice.) Many communities have already done that.

Molly: Yeah. The benefits of sorting out trash are obvious.

Peter: For instance

Molly: If trash is sorted, it can be transferred to factories instead of the disposal plant.

Peter: That makes sense. (B. What else)

Molly: With trash separated, pollution caused by incineration can be avoided.

Peter: It is high time for us to sort out the trash. Trash is trash only when everything is mixed together. (C. Once we separate and recycle them.) They can be useful again.

Molly: (A. I couldn't agree more.) Things like paper, glass, and plastics can all be recycled. They can be reused.

Peter: Sorting is good. (D. But I have a concern.) If people have no idea how to sort their trash, they will still put all waste in the same bag.

Molly: You are right. People should be informed about how to do that in the first place. Moreover, sorting trash should be made easy for us. Otherwise, few people would bother to do it.

Peter: I hope everything goes smoothly!

Molly: I believe it will.

6、Television broadcasting started in the United Kingdom

Television broadcasting started in the United Kingdom in 1936 as a public service (free of advertising). In 1953 the Conservative Government introduced a bill to (make arrangements for) commercial television. This was opposed very strongly by the (Labor and Liberal) Parties, but the bill was passed and commercial television flourishes. Now there is a collection of (free and subscription) services over a variety of distribution media, through

which there are over 480 channels for consumers as well as (on-demand content). In the United Kingdom and (the Crown Dependencies), any household watching or recording live television transmissions as they are being broadcast (terrestrial, satellite, cable, or Internet) is required to hold a (television license). Since April 1, 2010 the (annual license fee) has been £145.50 for color and £49.00 for (black and white). On October 24, 2012, all television broadcasts in the United Kingdom were in a digital format.

7、The National Union of Students (NUS) welcomes the news

The National Union of Students (NUS) welcomes the news that greater numbers of black and disabled students are studying at UK universities, but there is still a lot of work to be done on widening access, writes the union's president, Gemma Tumelty.

A recent Department of Communities and Local Government (DCLG) equalities review showed that significant numbers of potential students felt their disability was (B. a major barrier) to accessing higher education (HE). This is simply unacceptable.

Equality and diversity is not entirely a "numbers game" and before too much praise is given we need to hear more from (E. non-traditional students), not just about their experience of accessing higher education but also going through the system.

Equality in society is absolutely, and fundamentally, linked to (C. equality in access to education).

(A. For many students), university is the place where they will be first exposed to different cultures and (D. different people). As well as fighting for better access, the NUS wants to see diversity properly valued and promoted within the student experience. Many pay lip service to the value of diversity, but is this recognized and promoted as a core asset to those who go through the HE system

Equality in society can be promoted by equality and diversity at university. But the benefits of university as a positive, diverse environment must be seen by students as adding "value" as much as any other factors before the numbers game is really won by the champions of diversity.

阅读理解 (单选) (17)--电大资源网: <http://www.dda123.cn/> (微信搜: 905080280)

1、ALTERNATIVE LEGAL BILLING – WIN STRATEG...

2、Babies who are breast-fed may be more li...

3、Charity is a concept which dates back to...

4、Educators, parents, students and communi...

5、Educators, parents, students and community...

6、Imagine a school that expected its stude...

7、Is that 6 a.m. wakeup getting in the wa...

8、It can be really frustrating (使人沮丧的...

9、Jim Thorpe was a Native American.

10、Liu Hui interviews Dr. Smith about the i...

11、Maggie Walker was born in 1867 in Richmo...

12、People say that money cannot buy happine...

13、Respondent: Binhai People's Hospital...

14、Respondent: Binhai People's Hospital...

15、Since its founding in 1948, McDonald's h...

16、 **The celebration of International Women's...**17、 **When Bill de Blasio ran for New York Cit...**1、 **ALTERNATIVE LEGAL BILLING – WIN STRATEGIES**

Hourly billing is the best way to be charged for legal services.

1. () is the best way to be charged for legal services. -->B. Hourly billing

2. A flat-fee approach -->A. is suitable for repetitive tasks

3. () make the law firm share your risk and encouragement. -->C. Contingency fees

4. Legal work involving a number of legal specialties should consider using -->A. blended hourly fees

5. You have to eye the clock when you talk to the lawyer when you choose -->B. the old “bill by the hour” deal

2、 **Babies who are breast-fed may be more likely to be successful in life,**

1. From the passage, we learn that Horta -->A. is from Brazil

2. Which of the following about those who were breast-fed is NOT mentioned?-->B. They were happier

3. Which of the following is TRUE?-->C. Horta's research project lasted about 30 years

4. The word contaminated in Paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to -->C. polluted

5. Which of the following is an appropriate title for this passage?-->C. Breast-feeding Improves Chances of Success"

3、 **Charity is a concept which dates back to Biblical times,**

21.The charity originally means to () .-->A. help the poor which makes the rich feel good

22.When does social work begin? -->A. Around the time of the industrial revolution.

23. Modern-day social work deals with the following problems except? -->C.education

24. In order to help clients live a productive life, social workers can turn to the assistance of () .--> B.family members

25.Which statement about social work is NOT True? --> C.Social work is that the rich people want to help the poor people.

4、 **Educators, parents, students and community members in Miami-Dade**

(1).From the passage, we can guess the author is fro () . --> C.the US

(2).Educators, parents and community members are working together in order to () . -->A.guarantee all students with opportunities to attend quality public schools

(3).What does “obstacle” mean in paragraph 3? --> A.something that stands in the way

(4). What do educators need for professional development? --> C.Opportunity

(5).According to the passage, is there any simple solution for the challenges they are facing? --> B.No

5、 **Educators,parents,students and community members in Miami-Dade and**

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(4) guarantee all students with opportunities to attend quality public What do educators need for professional development? -->C. Opportunity

(5) According to the passage,is there any simple solution for the challenges they are facing? -->B. No

6、 **Imagine a school that expected its students to become literate(有读写能力的)**

1. Which of the following is the main idea of this passage?-->B. The author and his staff embed virtues into lessons and school life to encourage character development in children.

2. We can infer from the first paragraph that -->C. the approach to character education is generally considered different from the approaches to other skills

3. The word ""philosophy"" in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to -->C. viewpoint

4. The author is a -->A. teacher

5. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage as a way to build character in children?-->A. Story readings and discussions.

7、 **Is that 6 a.m. wakeup getting in the way of good sleep?**

1. According to the passage, lack of sleep for a long while can probably lead to all of the following EXCEPT -->A. heart disease

2. The main idea of the third paragraph is -->C. how the research was conducted

3. What does the “leach” in the last paragraph probably mean? -->C. Leak.

4. Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage? -->B. More and more studies are done to study the link between sleep and weight.

5. Which of the following is an appropriate title for this passage? -->B. Sleep Experts Had Exciting Findings in a Fat Study

8、 **It can be really frustrating (使人沮丧的) for an overweight**

1. The word zaftig in Paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to -->A. fat

2. We can infer from the first two paragraphs that -->B. overweight people are often frustrated and pushed away by traditional gym industry

3. What is the training goal in the gyms catering to overweight members?-->A. To achieve functional fitness.

4. As for the gyms catering to overweight members, which of the following statements is NOT TRUE?-->C. There are large mirrors on the walls.

5. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?-->C. Specialized Gyms Designed for Overweight People.

9、 **Jim Thorpe was a Native American.**

1. From the passage we learn that Jim Thorpe was born in .-->C.

Oklahoma

2. According to the passage, most American Indian children loved all

the following EXCEPT .-->B. singing

3. Jim Thorpe started to play sports .-->B. when he was 16 years old

4. The word decathlon in paragraph 3 probably means .-->C. ten track and field events

5. Which of the following is NOT TRUE? -->A. In 1912, Thorpe went back to finish his college education.

10、 **Liu Hui interviews Dr. Smith about the issue of educational inequality.**

1. Well, researchers link educational inequality to -->C. racial, socioeconomic and geographic reasons

2. According to the passage, -->C. in the United States, skin color is linked to the inequality in education

3. Educational inequality exists in -->C. all the countries

4. What does the word “eradicate” mean in the passage? -->A. get rid of

5. What's the attitude of Dr. Smith to the future of education equality? -->B. positive

11、 **Maggie Walker was born in 1867 in Richmond,**

1. Maggie's father died-->C. when she was very young

2. Which of the following is NOT TRUE?-->B. Maggie was once a slave.

3. Which of the following is TRUE?-->A. Maggie loved to help other African Americans.

4. The word impoverished in Paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to-->C. poor

5. After Paragraph 4, the author will probably talk about Maggie's-->B. next project

12、 **People say that money cannot buy happiness. This was true for Howard Hughes.**

21. According to the passage, Howard Hughes was not () .-->C. friendly

22. Which of the following about Hughes' father is NOT TRUE?-->B. He drank alcohol a lot.

23. Howard Hughes' parents died () .-->B. before he was 19 years old

24. The word obsessed in Paragraph 2 probably means () .-->A. troubled

25. From the passage, we learn what Mr. Hughes lacked in his life was () .-->B. love

13、 **Respondent: Binhai People's Hospital**

1. According to the plaintiff, () should be responsible for compensating Zhang Hua. -->A. Binhai People's Hospital

2. Zhang Hua had an oral contract with -->B. Binhai No. 2 Construction and Installation Company

3. The respondent stated () reasons to reject Zhang Hua's claim. -->C. 3

4. Zhang Hua himself () bear some responsibilities. -->A. should

5. () was quoted by the respondent. -->C. General Principles of the Civil Law"

14、 **Respondent: Binhai People's Hospital**

Address: No 7, Binhai Road, Binhai City The following answer is given to Zhang Hua's claim for personal-injury compensation by the Binhai People's Hospital:

1. According to the plaintiff, () should be responsible for compensating Zhang Hua.-->**A. Binhai People's Hospital**
2. Zhang Hua had an oral contract with-->**B. Binhai No. 2**

Civil Law

15、Since its founding in 1948, McDonald's has grown from a family burger (汉堡包)

1. According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT TRUE? -->**B. McDonald's has opened its restaurants in every city of the world.**
2. The word ubiquitous in Paragraph 2 is most likely to mean -->**C. existing everywhere**

3. From Paragraph 2, we can conclude that -->**A. McDonald's designs its menu to suit the local people**

4. What did Jose Bove and his people do in 1999 to protest against McDonald's?-->**A. They destroyed a McDonald's under construction.**

5. In (), an employee died in a fatal bomb attack on a McDonald's restaurant in France. -->**C. 2000**

16、The celebration of International Women's Day (IWD) in 2011

- (1) .2011 International Women's Day (IWD) was special because () -->**B. it is 100th anniversary**
- (2) () is a key factor of economic growth and social change and the women's empowerment.-->**C. Education**

(3) .Which of the following is not suffered by women in society nowadays? -->**C. family burden**

(4) .Which one is NOT mentioned in relation to "education equality"? --> **B. development of new science**

(5) .What is the best title for the passage? -->**A. Creating Equal Access to Education**

17、When Bill de Blasio ran for New York City mayor last year,

1. Which of the following is the main idea of the passage?-->**C. New York City will soon end a ban on cell phones in schools.**

2. Students pay --> a day to leave their cell phones in a van parked near their school.-->**A. a dollar**

3. Metal detectors were installed in 88 city schools, mainly to keep() out of schools. -->**B. weapons**

4. The word discriminatory in Paragraph 5 probably means -->**C. unfair**

5. According to the passage, which of the following statements is TRUE?-->**C. A phone-storage industry has appeared outside the 88 metal-detector campuses."**

阅读理解（判断）

搜：90508028

- 1、**All communication begins with the sender...**

- 2、**Dear Mr.Brown,**
- 3、**Graffiti painting is traditionally a dar...**
- 4、**I've been living in the country for mor...**
- 5、**James Bush**
- 6、**Liu Hui and Molly are discussing the iss...**
- 7、**NEW YORK – The five men facing trial in...**
- 8、**To: Guangzhou People's Court**

receiver.

All communication begins with the sender and ends with the receiver. The sender is responsible for successful conveyance.

1. The sender's gender also influences the message.-->**F**
2. Encoding is a process that translating information into symbols which serve as the ideas or concepts of the message that will be sent later.-->**T**
3. These symbols are usually words and sentences in written form.-->**F**
4. Channel is not crucial for conveying the message.-->**F**

received the message successfully or not.-->**T**

2、**Dear Mr.Brown,**

I wish to apply for the position of Social Worker as advertised on

find my resume attached.

26.James has almost two—year experiences of social work.-->**T**

27.James provides psychosocial support to clients, only in the form of group therapy.-->**F**

28.Jamesdoes not give advice to family caregivers.-->**F**

29.James's strong verbal and written communication skills have been well used in this position.-->**T**

30.James believes he would be a valuable staff to St Paul's Hospital if given the opportunity.-->**T**

3、**Graffiti painting is traditionally a daredevil pursuit.**

Graffiti painting is traditionally a daredevil pursuit. Teenagers dodge security guards to put their names on trains and buses.

1.are not afraid of being caught by security guards when they put their names on trains and buses.-->**F**

2.tags can be found in public places nowadays.-->**T**

3.of better policing graffiti decreases.-->**T**

4.teenagers go to art school in order to learn to paint walls.-->**F**

5.and graffiti artists are still willing to take -->**F**

4、**I've been living in the country for more than 10 years.**

I've been living in the country for more than 10 years. It means quietness, privacy, harmony and peace for me.

1. The author has lived in the countryside for more than a decade, and he/she loves living there.-->**T**

2. Living in the country is not busy at all.-->**F**

3. The author takes a walk or drives along country roads almost every day.-->**T**

4. People living in the country usually go shopping every Saturday.-->**T**

5. According to the author, nobody dislikes countryside life.-->**F**

5、**James Bush**

James Bush

35 West 9 Avenue

Pensacola, FL23506

P: (03)

M: 0651 222555

E.

[Date]

Yours sincerely

James Bush

1. James has almost two-year experiences of social work. -->**T**

2. James provides psychosocial support to clients, in the form of group therapy. -->**F**

3. James does not give advice to family caregivers. -->**F**

4. James's strong verbal and written communication skills have been well used in this position. -->**T**

5. James believes he would be a valuable staff to St Paul's Hospital if

1. Molly thinks that educational quality ensures a satisfactory outcome for learners. -->**T**

2. Liu Hui disagrees with Molly on the meaning of education quality.-->**F**

3. All universities in the U. S. offer high-quality education.-->**F**

4. Diploma mills cannot provide high-quality education.-->**T**

5. In China, there isn't any diploma mill.-->**F**

7、**NEW YORK – The five men facing trial in the Sept.**

NEW YORK – The five men facing trial in the Sept. 11 attacks will plead not guilty. They would state their criticisms of U. S. foreign policy, the lawyer for one of the defendants said Sunday.

1. The five men thought that the U. S. foreign policy should be blamed for the 911 attack. -->**T**

2. Scott Fenstermaker is the lawyer for Ali Abd al-Aziz Ali and four other men.-->**F**

3. Nearly 3, 000 people were killed in the 911 attack.-->**T**

4. The press didn't care about this civilian federal trial.-->**F**

5. We can infer from the article that the prisoners also have their freedom to express their own views in the U. S. A.-->**T**

8、**To: Guangzhou People's Court**

1. Handcup Marketing is suing South China Corporation of not paying for the transactions.-->**T**

2. Qingguo Su is a lawyer.--> **F**

3. The plaintiff has got well prepared before filing the lawsuit.-->**T**

4. The plaintiff didn't know which laws and regulations should be applied in this case.--> **F**

5. The defendant owed the plaintiff RMB 15,000,000 for the dispatched products.-->**T**

翻译题(40)--电大资源网: <http://www.dda123.cn/> (微信搜: 905080280)

- 1、According to General Principles of the Civil Law, any person engaged in highly dangerous operations shall be responsible for compensation.-->根据民法通则, 任何从事高危作业的人都有权获得赔偿。
- 2、Although the plaintiff had repeatedly requested, the defendant failed to pay the debt on time. -->尽管原告多次催促, 但是被告并未按时支付债务。
- 3、But over the past decade, graffiti has all but disappeared from Britain's cities.-->但在过去十年中, 涂鸦几乎从英国的城市中消失了。
- 4、But there was plenty of evidence that suggested otherwise.-->但是大量的证据显示事实不是那样的。
- 5、Do you have any witness or relevant evidence?-->你有证人或者相关的证据吗?
- 6、Educators need proper teaching resources in order for students to achieve.-->教育者需要适当的教学资源, 可供学生利用。
- 7、Effective intercultural communication helps firms avoid conflict, prevent misunderstandings, and foster respect.-->有效的跨文化沟通能够帮助企业避免冲突, 预防误解的产生, 促进彼此尊重。
- 8、Effective intercultural communication tries to bridge language gaps as effectively as possible.-->有效的跨文化沟通会尽可能地弥合语言鸿沟。
- 9、Equality and diversity is not entirely a “numbers game”.-->平等和多样性不完全是“数字游戏”。
- 10、Equality in society can be promoted by equality and diversity at university.-->社会平等可以通过促进大学的平等和多样性来实现。
- 11、Equality in society is absolutely, and fundamentally, linked to equality in access to education.-->社会平等从根本上绝对与教育机会均等是相关的。
- 12、Everybody has their strengths and weaknesses.-->每个人都有长处和短处。
- 13、For many students, university is the place where they will be first exposed to different cultures and different people.-->对于许多学生来说, 大学是他们首次接触不同文化和不同人的地方。
- 14、Graffiti painting is traditionally a daredevil pursuit.-->涂鸦传统上是一个冒险的追求。
- 15、He might be a pain to be around, but he is also very good at staying within budget on projects.-->也许在周围人眼里他是一个讨厌鬼, 但在做项目时却从不会超出预算。
- 16、I don't think anyone had a doubt in their minds that she murdered her children.-->我认为没有人怀疑她谋杀了自己的孩子。
- 17、I have learnt from clients how I can be more helpful and compassionate.-->我从客户那学会了怎样才能更乐于助人, 更有同情心。
- 18、I typically do this for a few days or a week before something “clicks” and I have an idea about what I want to create.-->这件事我通常会做上几天或一周的时间, 直到突然茅塞顿开, 我会弄明白我的创意所在。

- 19、I usually have no problem filling the two bags I bring with me.-->通常, 我装满随身带着的两个口袋没有任何问题。
- 20、I was awarded with the New Employee Achievement Award for my work on a difficult case in 201-->2015 年我处理了一件棘手的案子, 被授予新员工工成就奖。
- 21、If you want something better than the old “bill by the hour” deal, try presenting one of these billing structures.-->如果你想找比传统的“按时计费”更好的方法, 可以尝试下面的某种计费方式。
- 22、It has become something to do on a Sunday afternoon — a slightly healthier alternative to sitting and watching football.-->这已经成为周日下午必做之事——比坐着看足球稍微更利于健康的替代选择。
- 23、It's not art in the state I find it. Through creativity and trial-and-error, it becomes art.-->我发现它时, 它远不是艺术。经过创造性加工和反复试验, 它变成了艺术。
- 24、Just like in other careers, educators should receive ample opportunities for professional development.-->就像其他职业一样, 教育者应该获得足够的专业发展的机会。
- 25、Maybe he's rounding up some witnesses for us now.-->可能他正在帮我们找证人。
- 26、My duties have included providing psychosocial support to clients, in the form of one-on-one counseling as well as group therapy.-->我的工作职责不仅包括提供集体心理治疗, 还包括一对一专业咨询。
- 27、My strong verbal and written communication skills have been well utilized in this role and I have also demonstrated solid organizational skills in my case management.-->在这个岗位上我充分运用了较强的口头和书面沟通能力, 同时在项目管理上我也展示出了扎实的组织能力。
- 28、Original and good research, especially in science, economics and social sciences, has a trickle-down effect on society.-->原创的优秀的研究成果, 尤其在科学、经济学和社会科学领域, 都会对社会产生一个涓滴效应。
- 29、Remember not to say anything to the press and mind your tongue in court.-->谨记: 千万不要向媒体透露任何情况, 另外在法庭上要管好自己的嘴巴。
- 30、The benefits of university as a positive, diverse environment must be seen by students.-->学生们必须看到大学作为积极的多元环境的可贵之处。
- 31、The contract fee allows the client to pick up the phone and talk to the lawyer without needing to eye the clock.-->采用合同费的方式, 使得顾客可以随时拿起电话跟律师交谈而无须盯着时间。
- 32、The Internet means that painters can win far more attention by posting pictures online than they can by breaking into a railway yard.-->互联网意味着画家把图片贴在網上可以比闯入铁路站场作画会赢得更多的关注。
- 33、The job I do involves working with families who are going through a difficult period in their lives.-->我的工作帮助那些正经历艰难时期的家庭。
- 34、The most obvious reason for the decline in tagging and train-painting is better policing.-->乱涂乱画和在火车上涂鸦的事件减少的最明显原因是监控更得力了。

- 35、The process I go through from the raw materials to a finished piece is not complex at all.-->我所经历的从原材料到成品的过程一点也不复杂。
- 36、The sender is responsible for successful conveyance.-->发出信息的人负责成功地传达信息。
- 37、There is no time to waste because the future of schools and students is on the line.-->时间不容浪费, 因为学校和学生的未来已经非常危险了。
- 38、Therefore, in accordance with relevant Chinese laws and regulations, the defendant should bear corresponding civil responsibility.-->因此, 依照中国有关法律法规, 被告应承担相应的民事责任。
- 39、We cannot expect our students to succeed if they do not have the right tools to do so.-->
- 40、We cannot expect our students to succeed if they do not have the right tools to do so.-->如果他们没有正确的工具, 我们就不能指望我们的学生们能够成功。