

# Modular Uninterruptible Power Supply

(50-600kVA)

# **User Manual**

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### 1. Safety

Important safety instructions – Save these instructions

There exists dangerous voltage and high temperature inside the UPS. During the installation, operation and maintenance, please abide the local safety instructions and relative laws, otherwise it will result in personnel injury or equipment damage. Safety instructions in this manual act as a supplementary for the local safety instructions. Our company will not assume the liability that caused by disobeying safety instructions.

### 1.1 Safety notes

- 1. Even no connection with utility power, 220/230/240VAC voltage may still exist at UPS outlet!
- 2. For the sake of human being safety, please well earth the UPS before starting it.
- 3. Don't open or damage battery, for the liquid spilled from the battery is strongly poisonous and do harmful to body!
- 4. Please avoid short circuit between anode and cathode of battery, otherwise, it will cause spark or fire!
- 5. Don't disassemble the UPS cover, or there may be an electric shock!
- 6. Check if there exists high voltage before touching the battery
- Working environment and storage way will affect the lifetime and reliability of the UPS. Avoid the UPS from working under following environment for long time
  - ◆ Area where the humidity and temperature is out of the specified range (temperature 0 to 40°C, relative humidity 5%-95%)
  - ◆ Direct sunlight or location nearby heat
  - Vibration Area with possibility to get the UPS crashed.
  - ◆ Area with erosive gas, flammable gas, excessive dust, etc
- 8. Keep ventilations in good conditions otherwise the components inside the UPS will be over-heated which may affect the life of the UPS.

### 1.2 Symbols used in this guide



#### **WARNING!**

Risk of electric shock



### **CAUTION!**

### 2. Main Features

### 2.1 Summarization

Our UPS is a kind of three-in- three -out high frequency online UPS, it provides 50~600kVA. The products are modularized and adopt the N+X redundancy. It can flexibly increase the number of the UPS modules according to the load capacity which is convenient for flexible allocation and gradually investment.

The UPS can solve most of the power supply problems, such as blackout, over-voltage, under-voltage, voltage sudden drop, oscillating of decreasing extent, high voltage pulse, voltage fluctuation, surge, inrush current, harmonic distortion (THD), noise interference, frequency fluctuation, etc..

This UPS can be applied to different applications from computer device, automatic equipment, communication system to industry equipment

### 2.2 Functions and Features

- ◆Digital control
- ◆19-inch standard cabinet2-meter high cabinets are provided according to the user's requirement.
- ◆Modularized design
- ◆High power-density design
  The height of the single module is 3U.
- ♦N+X parallel redundancy

This series UPS adopts N+X parallel redundancy design, user can set different redundancy according to the importance of the load. While the redundancy modules are set more than two, the availability of UPS system will achieve 99.999%, which may satisfy the required reliability of the critical load connected. Through LCD display setting, you may configure the required quantity of the redundancy unit. When the load connected is over the number of the redundancy, the UPS will alert right away. The design of the MTBF (Meantime before Failure) is up to 250,000 hours.

This series can set the number of redundancy modules. When the load exceeds the redundancy setting, the UPS can still work normally and simultaneously send out corresponding warning as long as the load doesn't exceed the total capacity of modules.

- ◆Parallel redundant control system
- ◆Optimizing distributed convergence for the cabinet
- ◆Centralized bypass
- **♦**Common Battery
- ◆Automatic charge current adjustment according to battery capacity connected.

- ◆3-Stage Intelligent charging
- ◆Touch-screen Super-large LCD display
- ◆Remote monitoring via SNMP
- ◆Optional Accessories available such as Isolation transformer, distribution Panel, SNMP Card, Relay Contact Board, etc...
- ◆Equip with Maintenance Bypass Switch for easy maintenance purpose.
- ◆Superior MTTR (Meantime to repair) & Short shutdown time in maintenance
- ◆Centralized monitoring module is also available
- ◆EPO and REPO function

### 2.3 Model description

This document describes the following UPS models:

◆ 200kVA

The models provide 4 configurations: 50 kVA, 100 kVA, 150 kVA and 200 kVA.

◆ 300kVA

The models provide 6 configurations: 50 kVA, 100 kVA, 150 kVA, 200 kVA, 250 kVA and 300 kVA.

◆ 400kVA

The models provide 8 configurations: 50 kVA, 100 kVA, 150 kVA, 200 kVA, 250 kVA, 300 kVA, 350 kVA and 400 kVA.

◆ 500kVA

The models provide 10 configurations: 50 kVA, 100 kVA, 150 kVA, 200 kVA, 250 kVA, 300 kVA, 350 kVA, 400 kVA, 450 kVA and 500 kVA.

◆ 600kVA

The models provide 12 configurations: 50 kVA, 100 kVA, 150 kVA, 200 kVA, 250 kVA, 300 kVA, 350 kVA, 400 kVA, 450 kVA, 500 kVA, 550 kVA and 600 kVA.

- ◆ 200kVA supports cable routing from the bottom, and can support cable routing from the top if a cable entry cabinet is configured.
- ◆ 300kVA supports cable routing from the bottom, and can support cable routing from the top if a cable entry cabinet is configured.
- ◆ 400kVA supports cable routing from the bottom and top.
- ◆ 500kVA supports cable routing from the bottom and top.
- ♦ 600kVA supports cable routing from the bottom and top.
- \* Default is full configuration: cabinet with mains, bypass, maintenance and output switch. It can customrize standard configuration, cabinet can only with maintenance bypass switch.

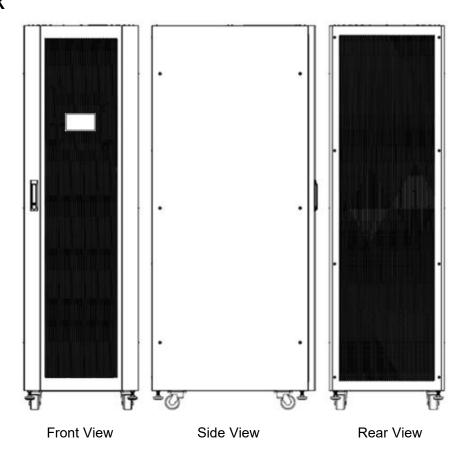
### 3. Installation

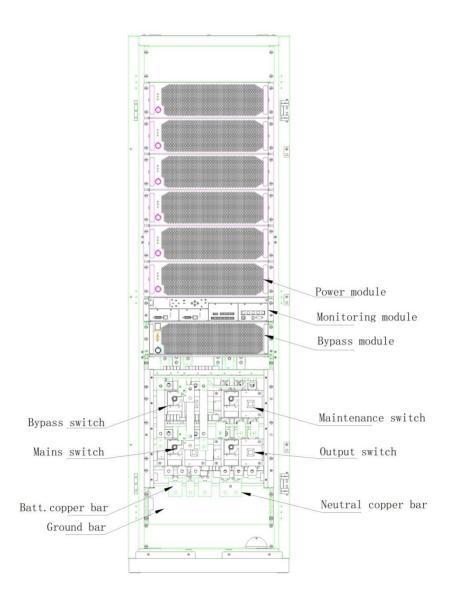
### 3.1 Unpack checking

- 1. Don't lean the UPS when moving it out from the packaging
- 2. Check the appearance to see if the UPS is damaged or not during the transportation, do not switch on the UPS if any damage found. Please contact the dealer right away.
- 3. Check the accessories according to the packing list and contact the dealer in case of missing parts.

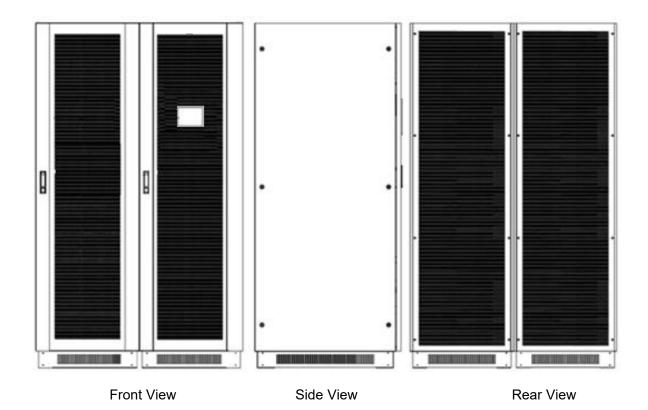
### 3.2 The appearance of the product

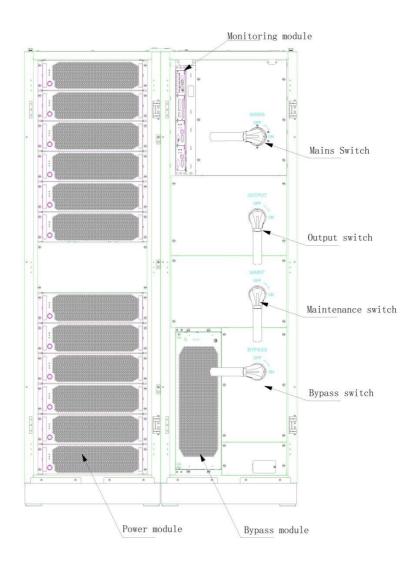
### 200/300K



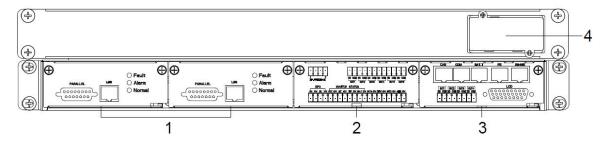


### 400/500/600kVA



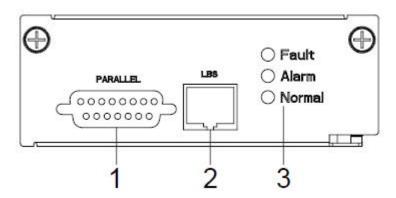


### **Control unit**



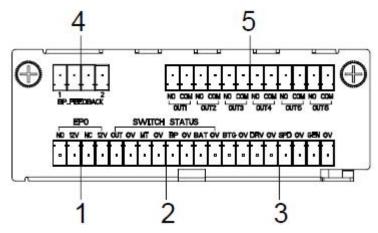
- (1) ECU1/2: Centralized control unit
- (2) Dry-contact unit
- (3) monitor unit
- (4) Intelligent slot

### **ECU** unit



- (1) PARALLEL port
- (2) LBS port
- (3) LED

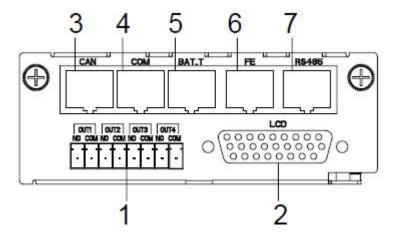
### **Dry-contact unit**



- (1) EPO port
- (2) SWITCH STATUS
- (3) the other port
- (4) BP\_FEEDBACK: PIN1\_NC, PIN2\_NO,PIN4\_common

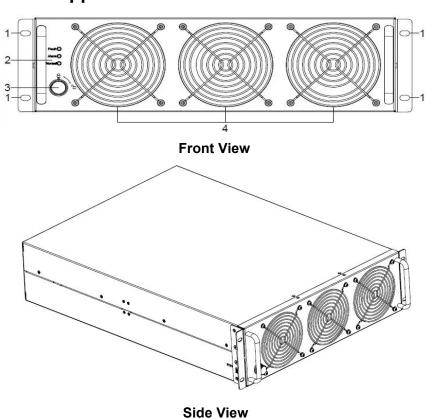
### (5) Optional dry contacts

### **Monitor unit**



- (1) Input dry contacts
- (2) LCD port
- (3) CAN port : BMS port and remote LCD port
- (4) COM: battery monitor port
- (5) BAT\_T : battery temperature detect port
- (6) PE
- (7) RS-485

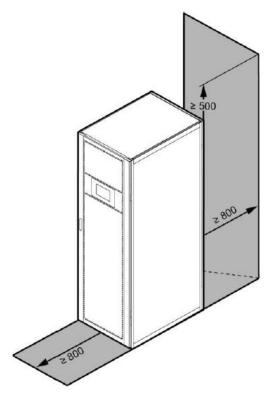
### 3.3 UPS module appearance



(1) Module fixed screw
(2) LED
(3) Module switch
(4) Fan

### 3.4 Installation notes

Note: Consider for the convenience of operation and maintenance, the space in front and back of the cabinet should be left at least 800mm and 800mm respectively when installing the cabinet.



- ♦ Please place the UPS in a clean, stable environment, avoid the vibration, dust, humidity, flammable gas and liquid, corrosive. To avoid from high room temperature, a system of room extractor fans is recommended to be installed. Optional air filters are available if the UPS operates in a dusty environment.
- ♦The environment temperature around UPS should keep in a range of  $0^{\circ}$ C  $\sim$  40  $^{\circ}$ C. If the environment temperature exceeds 40  $^{\circ}$ C, the rated load capacity should be reduced by 12  $^{\circ}$ 6 per 5  $^{\circ}$ C. The max temperature can't be higher than 50  $^{\circ}$ C.
- ♦ If the UPS is dismantled under low temperature, it might be in a condensing condition. The UPS can't be installed unless the internal and external of the equipment is fully dry. Otherwise, there will be in danger of electric shock.
- ◆Batteries should be mounted in an environment where the temperature is within the required specs. Temperature is a major factor in determining battery life and capacity. In a normal installation, the battery temperature is maintained between 15°C and 25°C. Keep batteries away from heat sources or main air ventilation area, etc.



#### **WARNING!**

Typical battery performance data are quoted for an operating temperature between

20°C and 25°C. Operating it above this range will reduce the battery life while operation below this range will reduce the battery capacity.

◆ Should the equipment not be installed immediately it must be stored in a room so as to protect it against excessive humidity and or heat sources.



#### **CAUTION!**

An unused battery must be recharged every 6months temporarily connecting the UPS to a suitable AC supply mains and activating it for the time required for recharging the batteries.

◆The highest altitude that UPS may work normally with full load is 1500 meters. The load capacity should be reduced when this UPS is installed in place whose altitude is higher than 1500 meters, shown as the following table:

(Load coefficient equals max load in high altitude place divided by nominal power of the UPS)

Altitude(m)	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000
Load coefficient	100%	95%	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%

♦ The UPS cooling is depending on fan, so it should be kept in good air ventilation area. There are many ventilation holes on the front and rear, so they should not be blocked by any exotic obstacles.

### 3.5 External Protective Devices

For safety reasons, it is necessary to install, external circuit breaker at the input A.C. supply and the battery. This chapter provides guidelines for qualified installers that must have the knowledge of local wiring practices for the equipment to be installed.

### **♦**External Battery

The UPS and its associated batteries are protected against the effect of over-current through a DC compatible thermo-magnetic circuit-breaker (or a set of fuses) located close to the battery.

#### **♦UPS Output**

Any external distribution board used for load distribution shall be fitted with protective devices that may avoid the risk of UPS overloaded.

#### **♦**Over-current

Protection device shall be installed at the distribution panel of the incoming main supply. It may identify the power cables current capacity as well as the overload capacity of the system.

#### 3.6 Power Cables

◆The cable design shall comply with the voltages and currents provided in this section, Kindly follow local wiring practices and take into consideration the environmental conditions (temperature and physical support media).

#### **WARNING!**



UPON STARTING, PLEASE ENSURE THAT YOU ARE AWARE OF THE LOCATION AND OPERATION OF THE EXTERNAL ISOLATORS WHICH ARE CONNECTED TO THE UPS INPUT/BYPASS SUPPLY OF THE MAINS DISTRIBUTION PANEL.CHECK TO SEE IF THESE SUPPLIES ARE ELECTRICALLY ISOLATED, AND POST ANY NECESSARY WARNING SIGNS TO PREVENT ANY INADVERTENT OPERATION

#### 3.6.1 Recommended cross-sectional areas for power cables

◆ For future expansion purpose, it is economical to install power cable according to the full rating capacity initially. The diameter of cable is shown bellow:

UPS		Cable Dimension						
cabinet	AC Input (mm <sup>2</sup> )	BPS Input (mm²)	AC Output (mm <sup>2</sup> )	DC Input (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Grounding (mm <sup>2</sup> )			
200	150	150	150	150*2	70			
300	120*2	120*2	120*2	150*2	120			
400	185*2	150*2	150*2	240*2	150			
500	150*3	240*2	240*2	185*3	240			
600	240*3	150*3	150*3	240*3	240			

- ♦ When selecting, connecting, and routing power cables, follow local safety regulations and rules.
- ♦ If external conditions such as cable layout or ambient temperatures change, perform verification in accordance with the IEC-60364-5-52 or local regulations.
- ◆ If the rated voltage is 400 V, multiply the currents by 0.95. If the rated voltage is 415 V, multiply the currents by 0.92.
- ◆ If primary loads are non-linear loads, increase the cross-sectional areas of neutral wires1.5–1.7 times.
- ◆ The nominal battery discharge current refers to the current of forty 12 V batteries at 480V in standard configuration.
- ◆ The maximum battery discharge current refers to the current when forty 12 V batteries in standard configuration, that is, two hundred and forty 2 V battery cells (1.67 V/cell), stop discharging.
- ◆ The battery cable specifications are selected based on 40 batteries by default and compatible with application scenarios with 30–40 batteries.
- When the mains input and bypass input share a power source, configure both types of input power cables as mains input power cables. The cables listed in Table are used only when the following requirements are met:
  - Routing mode: Routing the cables over the cable ladder or bracket in a single layer (IEC60364-5-52 middle E).
  - The ambient temperature is 30°C.
  - The AC voltage loss is less than 3%, and the DC voltage loss is less than 1%.
  - 90°C copper flexible cable.
  - The length of the AC power cables of a UPS is no longer than 30 m and DC power cables no longer than 50 m.

### 3.6.2 Power cable connector requirements

Model C	Connector	Connection Mode	Bolt Type	Bolt Hole Diameter	Torque
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	Mains input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M10	10.5mm	26N•m
	Bypass input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M10	10.5mm	26N•m
200k	Battery input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M12	13.5mm	26N•m
	Output connector	Crimped OT terminals	M10	10.5mm	26N•m
	Grounding connector	Crimped OT terminals	M10	10.5mm	26N•m
	Mains input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M10	10.5mm	26N•m
	Bypass input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M10	10.5mm	26N•m
300k	Battery input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M12	13.5mm	26N•m
	Output connector	Crimped OT terminals	M10	10.5mm	26N•m
	Grounding connector	Crimped OT terminals	M10	10.5mm	26N•m
	Mains input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M10	10.5mm	26N•m
	Bypass input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M10	10.5mm	26N•m
400k	Battery input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M12	13.5mm	26N•m
	Output connector	Crimped OT terminals	M10	10.5mm	26N•m
	Grounding connector	Crimped OT terminals	M10	10.5mm	26N•m
	Mains input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M16	18mm	71N•m
	Bypass input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M16	18mm	71N•m
500k	Battery input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M16	18mm	71N•m
	Output connector	Crimped OT terminals	M16	18mm	71N•m
	Grounding connector	Crimped OT terminals	M12	14mm	41N•m
	Mains input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M16	18mm	71N•m
600k	Bypass input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M16	18mm	71N•m
30010	Battery input connector	Crimped OT terminals	M16	18mm	71N•m
	Output connector	Crimped OT terminals	M16	18mm	71N•m

Grounding	Crimped OT			
connector	terminals	M12	14mm	41N•m

### 3.6.3 Recommended input front-end and output back-end circuit breakers

UPS capacity	Component	Specifications
	Mains input circuit breaker	400A 3P
200k	Bypass input circuit breaker	400A 3P
	Output branch circuit breaker	400A 3P
	Mains input circuit breaker	500A 3P
300k	Bypass input circuit breaker	500A 3P
	Output branch circuit breaker	500A 3P
	Mains input circuit breaker	800A 3P
400k	Bypass input circuit breaker	630A 3P
	Output branch circuit breaker	630A 3P
	Mains input circuit breaker	1000A 3P
500k	Bypass input circuit breaker	800A 3P
	Output branch circuit breaker	800A 3P
	Mains input circuit breaker	1250A 3P
600k	Bypass input circuit breaker	1000A 3P
	Output branch circuit breaker	1000A 3P

### CAUTION!

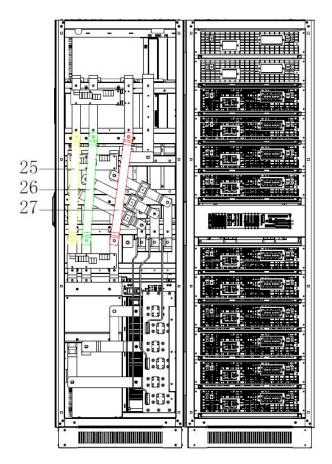
Protective earth cable: Connect each cabinet to the main ground system. For Grounding connection, follow the shortest route possible.



FAILURE TO FOLLOW ADEQUATE EARTHING PROCEDURES MAY RESULT IN ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE OR IN HAZARDS INVOLVING ELECTRIC SHOCK AND FIRE

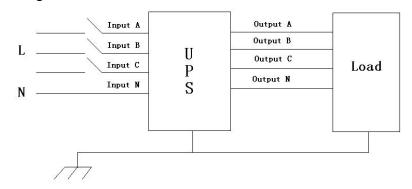
### 3.7 Power cable connect

Before equipment has been installed, must comfirm the input source type, common input or Split input, if the input source is dual input, must remove the copper bar that connected bypass and mains.



Choose appropriate power cable. (Refer to the table above) and pay attention to the diameter of the connection terminal of the cable that should be greater than or equal to that of the connection poles;

### Wiring



### **WARNING!**



If the load equipment is not ready to accept power on the arrival of the commissioning engineer then ensure that the system output cables are safely isolated at their ends

Connect the safety earth and any necessary bonding earth cables to the copper earth screw located on the floor of the equipment below the power connections. All cabinets in the UPS must be grounded properly.

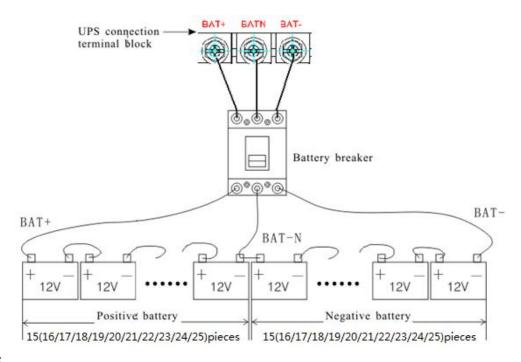
# **!**

### **CAUTION!**

The earthing and neutral bonding arrangement must be in accordance with local and national codes of practice.

### 3.9 Battery connection

The UPS adopts positive and negative double battery framework, total 30(optional 32/34/36/38/40/42/44/46/48/50) in series. A neutral cable is retrieved from the joint between the cathode of the 15<sup>th</sup> (16<sup>th</sup>/17<sup>th</sup>/18 <sup>th</sup>/19<sup>th</sup>/20 <sup>th</sup>/21 <sup>th</sup>/22 <sup>th</sup>/23 <sup>th</sup>/24 <sup>th</sup>/25 <sup>th</sup>) and the anode of the 16<sup>th</sup> (17<sup>th</sup>/18<sup>th</sup>/19 <sup>th</sup>/20<sup>th</sup>/21 <sup>th</sup>/22 <sup>th</sup>/23<sup>th</sup>/24 <sup>th</sup>/25 <sup>th</sup>) of the batteries. Then the neutral cable, the battery Positive and the battery negative are connected with the UPS respectively. The battery sets between the Battery anode and the neutral are called positive batteries and that between neutral and cathode are called negative ones. The user can choose the capacity and the numbers of the batteries according to their desire.



#### Note:

The BAT+ of the UPS connect poles is connected to the anode of the positive battery, the BAT-N is connected to the cathode of the positive battery and the anode of the negative battery, the BAT- is connected to the cathode of the negative battery.

Factory setting of the long-run unit is battery quantity---40pcs, battery capacity---12V 100AH. When connecting 30/32/34/36/38/42/44/46/48/50 batteries, please re-set desired battery quantity and its capacity after UPS starts at AC mode. Charger current could be adjusted automatically according to battery capacity selected. All related settings can be done through LCD panel or monitoring software.

#### CAUTION!



Ensure correct polarity battery string series connection. i.e. inter-tier and inter block connections are from (+) to (-) terminals.

Don't mix batteries with different capacity or different brands, or even mix up new and old batteries, either.

### **WARNING!**



Ensure correct polarity of string end connections to the Battery Circuit Breaker and from the Battery Circuit Breaker to the UPS terminals i.e. (+) to (+) / (-) to (-) but disconnect one or more battery cell links in each tier. Do not reconnect these links and do not close the

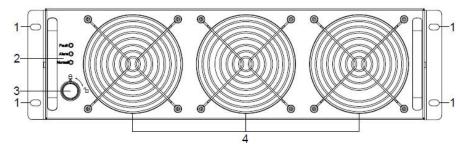
battery circuit breaker unless authorized by the commissioning engineer.

### 3.10 Online UPS Modules Replacement

For the UPS, modules must be inserted to make a complete UPS system.

The replacement of UPS module is very simple and can be operated online. The control system of the UPS can detect the inserted or removed module(s) automatically. The user may operate easily by following the steps mentioned below.

### ♦NOTE: The UPS module is rather heavy, please move it by two people!



### ◆Insert module

- (1) Remove decorated panel;
- (2) Put the UPS module in the cabinet module slot. Push the module along the slot into the cabinet until the module is inserted properly, then the indicator will flash.
- (3) Fix the module with screws (1) at the positioning screw holes;
- (4) Switch on the module\_ON switch (3) at the left of the module panel, then the red indecator (2) will off.
- (5) After the modules start up, the system will detect the modules inserted automatically and parallel up the modules into whole system.

### **♦Remove UPS module**

Switch off the module\_ON switch (3) at the left of the module panel, then the red indicator (2) will light and green indicator flash. Remove the screws (1) of the module and remove the module from the cabinet.

#### WARNING!



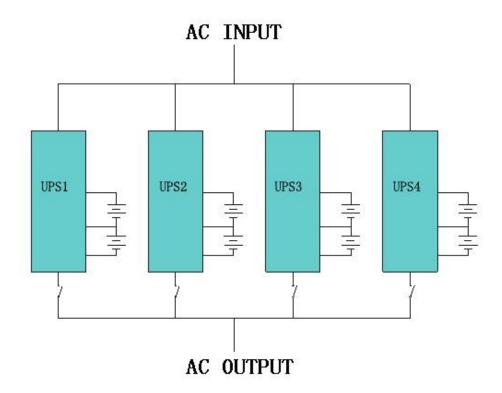
- (1) Before start the module, the module\_ON switch must on the "ON" status and the red indicator must flash or off.
- (2) Before remove the module, the module\_ON switch must on the "OFF" status and the red indicator must light.
- (3) When insert the module under battery mode, please press "ON" button at module's LCD panel until the module starts.

### 3.11 UPS Multi-Module Installation

The basic installation procedure of a parallel system comprising of two or more UPS modules is the same as that of single module system. The following sections introduce the installation procedures specified to the parallel system.

#### 3.11.1 Cabinet installation

Connect all the UPS needed to be put into parallel system as below picture.



Make sure each UPS input switch is in "off" position and there is no any output from each UPS connected. Battery groups can be connected separately or in parallel, which means the system itself provides both separate battery and common battery.



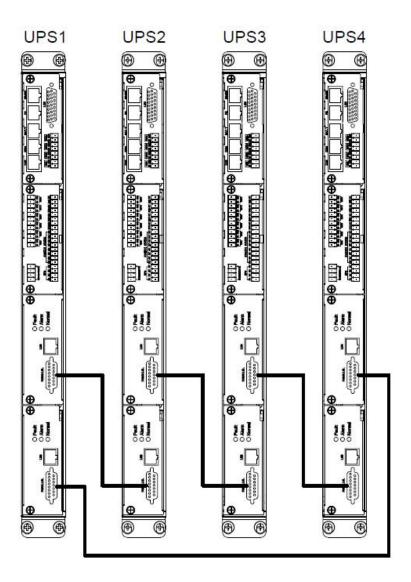
#### **CAUTION!**

A group of parallel systems is equivalent to a large capacity UPS, but it has higher reliability. In order to ensure that all UPS machines are current sharing, and comply with the relevant wiring rules, the following requirements should be met:

- All UPS must be the same rated and connected to the same way bypass power supply.
- Bypass and the mains input power must be received with the same neutral.
- ◆ The output of all UPS machines must be connected to a common output bus.
- All bypass input cables and UPS output cables should be of the same length and specification, which is to make the machine operate in the bypass mode and compare the current sharing.

### 3.11.2 Parallel cable installation

Shielded and double insulated control cables available must be interconnected in a ring configuration between UPS modules as shown below. The parallel control board is mounted on each UPS module. The ring configuration ensures high reliability of the control.



### 3.12 LBS installation (optional)

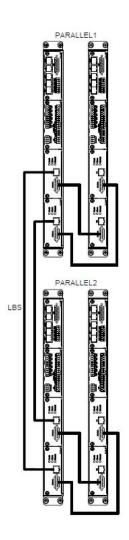
LBS system contains LCD set, cable connect and STS device.

### 3.12.1 LCD setting

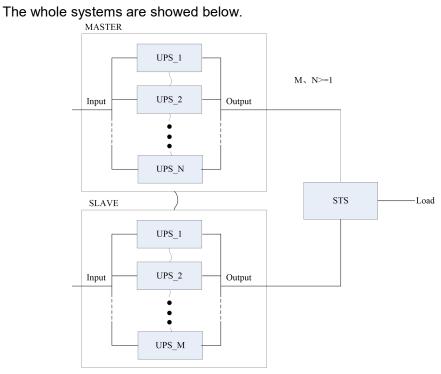
Set every UPS of the systems to be LBS Master or LBS Slave. For instance if the UPS belongs to LBS master system, its LBS setting must be set to Master.

### 3.12.2 LBS cable installation

The two ports of one mesh wire should be plug into RJ45 interface of any one UPS of both master and slave system.



### 3.12.3 UPS installation



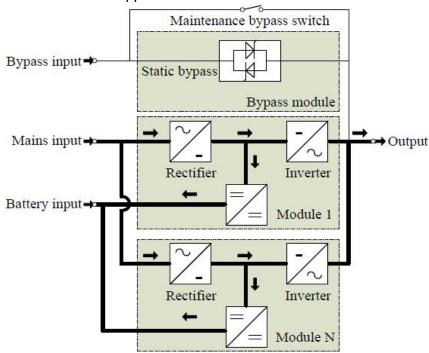
### 4. Operation

### 4.1 Operation Modes

The UPS is a double-conversion on-line UPS that may operate in the following alternative modes:

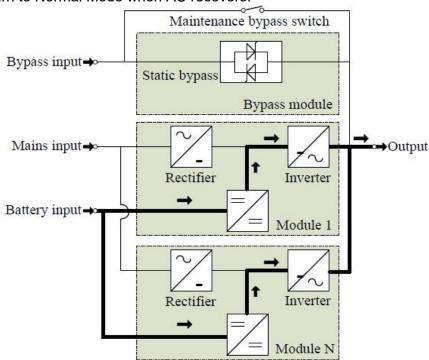
#### **♦**Normal mode

The rectifier/charger derives power from the AC Mains and supplies DC power to the inverter while floating and boosting charge the battery simultaneously. Then, the inverter converts the DC power to AC and supplies to the load.



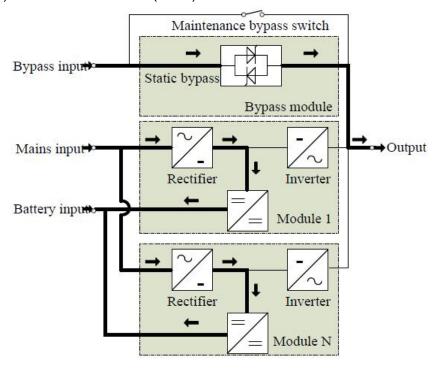
### **♦**Battery mode (Stored Energy Mode)

If the AC mains input power fails, the inverter, which obtains power from the battery, supplies the critical AC load. There is no power interruption to the critical load. The UPS will automatically return to Normal Mode when AC recovers.



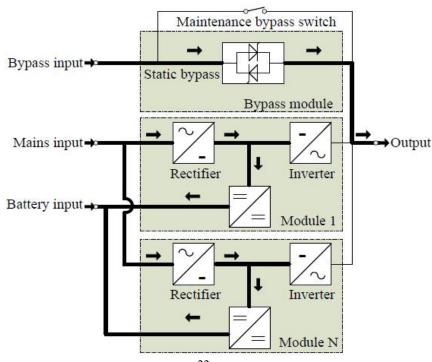
#### **♦**Bypass mode

If the inverter is out of order, or if overload occurs, the static transfer switch will be activated to transfer the load from the inverter supply to bypass supply without interruption to the critical load. In the event that the inverter output is not synchronized with the bypass AC source, the static switch will perform a transfer of the load from the inverter to the bypass with power interruption to the critical AC load. This is to avoid paralleling of unsynchronized AC sources. This interruption is programmable but typically set to be less than an electrical cycle e.g. less than 15ms (50Hz) or less than 13.33ms (60Hz).



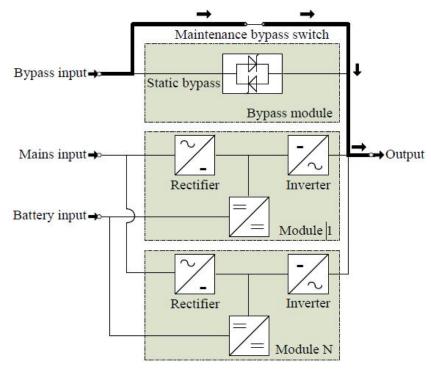
#### **◆ECO Mode**

When the UPS is at AC Mode and the requirement to the load is not critical, the UPS can be set at ECO mode in order to increase the efficiency of the power supplied. At ECO mode, the UPS works at Line-interactive mode, so the UPS will transfer to bypass supply. When the AC is out of set window, the UPS will transfer from bypass to Inverter and supplies power from the battery, and then the LCD shows all related information on the screen.



### **♦**Maintenance mode (Manual Bypass)

A manual bypass switch is available to ensure continuity of supply to the critical load when the UPS is out of order or in repair. This manual bypass switch is fitted for all UPS modules and bears for equivalent rated load.



### 4.2 Turn on/off UPS

### 4.2.1 Restart procedure



#### **CAUTION!**

MAKE SURE GROUNDING IS PROPERLY DONE!

- ◆ Set the Battery Switch to the "ON" position according to the user's manual.
- ◆ Open the front and rear doors of the UPS to access to the main power switches. During this procedure the output terminals will become alive.



### **CAUTION!**

Check to see if the load is safely connected with the output of the UPS. If the load is not ready to receive power from the UPS, make sure that it is safely isolated from the UPS output terminals

◆ Turn ON the bypass and input switches of the UPS, make sure that "Bypass module" insert the cabinet and fix with screws and the module\_in switch at the on status

When AC MAINS input voltage within the range, and the rectifiers of the UPS will be started up in 30 seconds, then the inverter is started completely. When the output switch is "ON", the inverter LED lights up.

◆ Switch ON output switch

If the rectifier of the module does not start-up, the green LED will flash, bypass module green LED will light on, the power module green LED will flash. when UPS turn to inverter mode power module and display panel green LED will light on.

No matter the UPS is operated normally or not, the LCD display will indicate current status.

### 4.2.2 Test procedure



#### **CAUTION!**

The UPS is operating normally. It may take 60 seconds to boost up the system and perform self-test completely.

- ◆ Switch off the MAINS to simulate utility failure, the rectifier will turn off and the battery should feed the inverter without interruption.
- ♦ Switch on the MAINS to simulate utility recovery, the rectifier will restart automatically after 20 seconds and the inverter will supply to the load. It is suggested to use Dummy loads for testing. The UPS can be loaded up to its maximum capacity during load test.

### 4.2.3 Cold start procedure

### **CAUTION!**



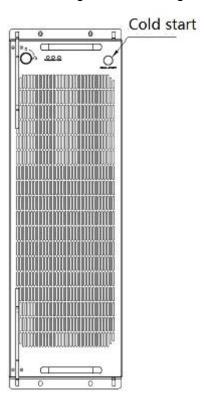
Follow these procedures when the input AC Utility Failure, but battery is normal

Switch on the battery switch.

The battery will feed the Auxiliary power board.

- ◆ Switch on the Output switch
- ◆ Trigger the cold start button of the bypass module.

When battery normal, rectifier starts operation, 30s later, inverter starts and operates and the green LED will light on.





### **CAUTION!**

Wait for approximately 30 seconds before you press the black start key

#### 4.2.4 MAINTENANCE BYPASS

To supply the load via Mains, you may simply active the internal mechanical bypass switch.



#### **CAUTION!**

The load is not protected by the UPS when the internal mechanical bypass system is active and the power is not conditioned.

### Switch to mechanical bypass



#### **CAUTION!**

If the UPS is running normally and can be controlled through the display, carry out steps 1 to 5; otherwise, jump to Step 4.

- Open the cover of maintenance switch, the UPS turns to bypass mode automatically.
- Switch on MAINTANCE switch;
- ◆ Switch OFF BATTERY switch;
- Switch OFF the MAINS switch;
- Switch OFF OUTPUT switch;

At this time the bypass source will supply to the load through the MAINTENANCE switch.

### Switch to normal operation (from mechanical bypass)



#### **CAUTION!**

Never attempt to switch the UPS back to normal operation until you have verified that there are no internal UPS faults

- Open the front and rear doors of the UPS to be easily access to the main power switches
- ◆ Switch ON the output switch;
- ◆ Switch ON the input switch;
- ◆ Switch ON the battery switch;

The UPS powers from the static bypass instead of the maintenance bypass.

- ◆ Switch OFF the maintenance bypass switch, then the output is supplied by the bypass of the modules.
- ◆ Put on the maintenance switch cover.

The rectifier will operate normally after 30 seconds. If the inverter works normally, the system will be transferred from bypass mode to normal mode.

### 4.2.5 Shut down procedure



#### CAUTION!

This procedure should be followed to completely shut down the UPS and the LOAD. After all power switches, isolators and circuit breakers are opened, there will be no output.

Press the INVERTER OFF key on the LCD display;

- ◆ Switch OFF the BATTERY switch:
- Open the UPS door to easily access to the main power switch;
- Switch OFF the input switch.
- ◆ Switch OFF the OUTPUT switch. The UPS shuts down;



#### WARNING!

Wait for about 5 minutes for the internal D.C. bus bar capacitors to be completely discharged.

### 4.2.6 Startup procedure for parallel system

- ◆ Connect parallel cable, input/output cable, and battery cable well; modify the parallel board jumpers correctly.
- Measure the positive and negative battery pack voltage. Battery switch is opened temporarily.
- Switch ON the output switch at the front door.
- ◆ According to the startup procedure for single unit, set the operation mode of each UPS: single mode is changed to parallel mode; set the parallel number for each UPS; up to 4 units can be parallel; set the ID of each cabinet, the ID of each unit must be different.
- Switch ON the input switch. Close the external input switch and start from mains.
- ◆ After start from mains, check the LCD interface of each UPS to see if the ID, VA is the same with the actual values.
- ◆ Switch ON the external battery switch of each UPS. Check if the charging current displayed in LCD is normal.



#### Note!

The UPS cannot be parallel until each single unit is normal.

### 4.3 The Display

The LCD shows the UPS operating flow chart, and there are the data entrance of input, output, battery, as well as the setting information.



### 4.4 Options

**Network Management Card with Environmental Monitoring** 



#### **CAUTION!**

For network management configuration and use, refer to the separate user manual - Network Management Card with Environmental Monitor - shipped with the CARD.

Network Management Card replacement

SNMP card: internal SNMP / external SNMP optional

- ◆ Loosen the 2 torque screws (on each side of the card).
- ◆ Carefully pull out the card. Reverse the procedure for re-installation

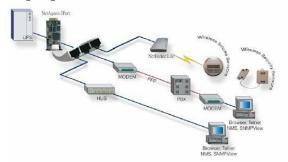
The slot called SNMP supports the MEGAtec protocol. We advise that NetAgent II-3 port is also a tool to remotely monitor and manage any UPS system



The overview of the SNMP card

NetAgent II-3Ports supports the Modem Dial-in (PPP) function to enable the remote control via the internet when the network is unavailable.

In addition to the features of a standard NetAgent Mini, NetAgent II has the option to add NetFeeler Lite to detect temperature, humidity, smoke and security sensors. Thus, making NetAgent II a versatile management tool. NetAgent II also supports multiple languages and is setup for web-based auto language detection.



Typical topology of the UPS Network Management

# **Appendix 1 Specifications**

	Model			300kVA	400kVA	500kVA	600kVA	
Cabine	t capacity (VA	/W)	50~200k	50~300k	50~400k	50~500k	50~600k	
Module	e capacity (VA	/W)			50k / 50k			
Max.	module numb	er	4	6	8	10	12	
	Phas	se		3 Phase 4	Wires and	Ground		
	Rated Vo	oltage		380	)/400/415Va	С		
Input	Voltage Range		138~485Vac  ◆ At 40°C: The UPS works at full load when the voltage is 323–485Vac and is derated load when the voltage is 323–138Vac  ◆ At 30°C: The UPS works at full load when the voltage is 305–485Vac and is derated load when the voltage is 305–485Vac and selected load when the voltage is 305–138Vac					
	Frequency Range				10Hz-70Hz			
	Power Factor				≥0.99			
	Current THDi		≤3%(100% nonlinear load)					
	Bypass Voltage Range		Max.voltage: 220V:+25 %( optional +10%, +15%, +20%); 230V:+20 %( optional +10%, +15%); 240V:+15 %( optional +10%); Min. voltage:-45 %( optional -10%, -20%,-30%) Frequency protection range: ±10%					
	Phase		3 Phase 4 Wires and Ground					
	Rated Voltage		380/400/415Vac					
	Power F		1					
	Voltage Re		±1%					
	Frequency	Utility Mode	±1%/±2%/±	±1%/±2%/±4%/±5%/±10%of the rated frequency(optio			y(optional)	
		Battery Mode		(50/60±0.1)Hz				
	Crest F	actor	3:1					
Output	THE	)	≤2% with linear load ≤4% with non linear load					
Output	Overload		<ul> <li>↑ 105% &lt; I min</li> <li>↑ 110% &lt; I min</li> <li>↑ 125% &lt; I min</li> <li>Bypass over</li> <li>↑ Tempera</li> <li>↑ 1000% log</li> </ul>	s4% with non linear load stroad capability: load ≤ 110%: transfer to bypass mode after load ≤ 125%: transfer to bypass mode after load ≤ 150%: transfer to bypass mode after rload capability: lature ≤ 30°C, load ≤ 135%: run for a long time ature ≤ 40°C, load ≤ 125%: run for a long time oad: run for 100 ms			de after 60 de after 60 long time	
Battery	Volta	ge	Optional Vol ±180V/192V	•	6V/±228V/±2	240/±252/±	264/±276/±	

		288/±300Vdc(30/32/34/36/38/40/42/44/46/48/50pcs optional) 384Vdc~480Vdc (30~40 pcs, 40 pcs define, 36 and 50 pcs no power derating; 32~34 pcs output power factor 0.9;30 pcs output power factor 0.8;)				and 50 pcs
	Module charge current (A) max.			20A		
Transfer Ti	me	Utility	y to Battery :	0ms; Utility	to bypass:	0ms
	Short Circuit	Hold Whole System				
	Overheat	Line Mode: Switch to Bypass; Backup Mode: Shut do UPS immediately			Shut down	
	Battery Low		Alarm	and Switc	h off	
Protection	Self-diagnostics	Upon Power On and Software Control				ol
	EPO	Shut down UPS immediately				
	Battery	Advanced Battery Management				
	Noise Suppression	Complies with EN62040-2				
Communicat	ion Interface	CAN, RS485, FE, LBS, Parallel, Relay card, SNMP card(optional)			, SNMP	
	Operating Temperature	0℃~40℃				
Environment	Storage Temperature	<b>-25</b> ℃~55℃				
	Humidity	0∼95% non condensing				
	Altitude	< 1500m				
	Audible & Visual	Line Failure, Battery Low, Overload, System Fault				ault
Diamlass	Status LED	UPS Fault,	Alarm and no	ormal		
Display	Reading On the LCD		ge, Input Freq Load Percen record			
	Cabinet Dimensions(W*D*H)	600*850	0*2000	1	200*850*20	000
Other	Module Dimensions(W*D*H) (mm)		4	40*620*130	)	
	Cabinet Weight (Kg)	178	240	411	435	508
		33				
	Module Weight (Kg)			33		

### **Appendix 2 Problems and Solution**

In case the UPS cannot work normally, it might be wrong in installation, wiring or operation. Please check these aspects first. If all these aspects are checked without any problem, please consult with local agent right away and provide below information.

- (1) Product model name and serial number, which can be found in LCD display.
- (2) Try to describe the fault with more details, such as LCD display info, LED lights status, etc.

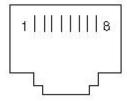
Read the user manual carefully, it can help a lot for using this UPS in the right way. Some FAQ (frequently asked questions) may help you to troubleshoot your problem easily.

No.	Problem	Possible reason	Solution
1	LCD not display	The network cable is not fixed properly or the telephone line of the front door is not fixed properly.	Connect the network cable and telephone cable properly.
2	LCD Blue screen	LCD is Interference	Take out the cable and insert back properly
3	Utility is connected but the UPS cannot be powered ON.	Input power supply is not connected; Input voltage low; The input switch of the module is not switched on.	Measure if the UPS input voltage/frequency is within the window. Check if all modules input are switched on
4	Utility normal but Utility LED does not light on, and the UPS operates at battery mode	The input switch of the Modules are not switched on; input cable is not well connected	Switch on the input switch; Make sure the input cable is well connected.
5	The UPS does not indicate any failure, but output do not have voltage	Output cable does not well connected	Make sure the output cable is well connected.
6	The UPS module cannot transfer to bypass or inverter	Module does not well inserted; The left coronal screw is not tight. Output switch do not switch on	Pull out the module and insert again; Tighten the screw; Switch on the output switch.
7	The UPS module fault LED remains ON	The module is already damaged	Take out this module, replace with a new module.
8	Utility LED is flashing	Utility voltage exceeds UPS input range.	If the UPS operates at battery mode, please pay attention to the remaining backup time needed for your system.
9	Battery LED is flashing but no charge voltage and current	Battery switch does not switch on, or batteries are damaged, or battery is reversely connected. Battery number and capacity are not set correctly.	Switch on the battery switch. If batteries are damaged, need to replace whole group batteries, Connect the battery cables correctly; Go to LCD setting of the battery number and capacity, set the correct data.
10	Buzzer beeps every 0.5 seconds and LCD display "output	Overload	remove some load

	overload"		
11	Buzzer long beeps, LCD display "output short circuit"	The UPS output is in short circuit	Make sure the load is not in short circuit, and then restart the UPS.
12	The LED of the Module with RED light	The module is not inserted properly.	Pull out the module and insert properly.
13	The UPS only works on bypass mode	The UPS is set to ECO mode, or the transfer times to bypass mode are limited.	Set the UPS working mode to Single Module type(non-parallel) or to reset the times of transferring to bypass or re-start the UPS
14	Cannot Black start	Battery switch is not properly closed; Battery fuse is not open; Or Battery low	Close the battery switch; Change the fuse; Recharge the battery
15	Buzzer beeps continuously and LCD indicates Rectifier fault or output fault	UPS is out of order	Consult with your local agent for repair

## Appendix 3 CAN communication port definition

### Definition of port :



Connection between the Device's CAN coverter port and UPS CAN port.

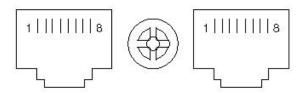
BMS	UPS (RJ45)	Description
PIN 1	PIN 1	CAN_H
PIN 2	PIN 2	CAN_L
PIN 3/7	PIN 3/7	CAN_GND

### Available function of CAN

- ◆ Communicate to BMS.
- ◆Communicate to remote LCD.

### Appendix 4 RS485 communication port definition

### Definition of port :



Connection between the Device's RS485 port and UPS RS485 port.

device(RJ45)	UPS(RJ45)	Description
Pin 1/5	Pin 1/5	485+ "A"
Pin 2/4	Pin 2/4	485 - "B"

### Available function of RS485

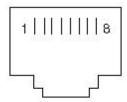
- ◆ Monitor UPS power status.
- ◆ Monitor UPS alarm info.
- ◆ Monitor UPS running parameters.
- ◆ Timing off /on setting.

### RS485 communication data format

Baud rate ----- 9600bps
Byte length ----- 8bit
End bit ----- 1bit
Parity check -----none

### Appendix 5 COM communication port definition

### Definition of port :



Connection between the Device's RS485 port and UPS COM port.

device(RJ45)	UPS(RJ45)	Description
Pin 1/5	Pin 1/5	485+ "A"
Pin 2/4	Pin 2/4	485 - "B"

Available function of RS485

◆ communicate to battery monitor

RS485 communication data format

Baud rate ----- 9600bps

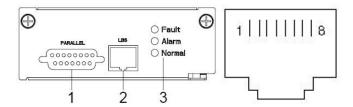
Byte length ----- 8bit

End bit ----- 1bit

Parity check ----none

### **Appendix 6 LBS port definition**

### Definition of port:



Connection between the UPS LBS port.

UPS(RJ45)	UPS(RJ45)	Description
Pin 1/2/3	Pin 1/2/3	LBS
Pin 5/7/8	Pin 5/7/8	GND

#### Available function of LBS

- ◆The output power of two or more UPS in non-parallel system should be synchronized with each other.
- ◆The output phase of two or more UPS in non-parallel system should be synchronized with each other.

### **CAUTION!**



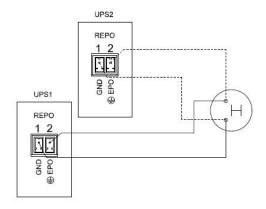
Two or more LBS cables must be used to form a ring when two or more LBS in

non-parallel system. And the cables must use horizontal line.

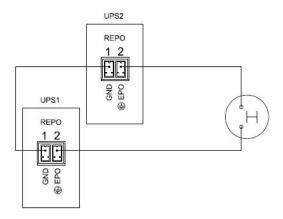
### **Appendix 7 REPO instruction**

### Definition of port:

normally open:



normally close:



Connection between the button and UPS REPO port.

Button	UPS REPO	Description
Pin 1	Pin 1	GND
Pin 2	Pin 2	EPO

- ♦ In addition to the local EPO push button on the front panel of the UPS (that stops operation of that module when pressed for more than 3 second), the UPS also supports a remote emergency stop (REPO).
- ◆A remote emergency stop switch (Dry contact signal and "normally open" not provided) can be installed in a remote location and connection through simple wires to the REPO connector.

- ◆The remote switch can be connected to several UPS's in a parallel architecture allowing the user to stops all units at once.
- ◆Additionally, a second system (not provided) can be connected to the remote switch to disconnect the main input and the secondary (bypass) input sources