

D001 · 00012(专卡)

绝密★启用前

2020年8月高等教育自学考试全国统一命题考试

英语(一)

(课程代码 00012)

本试卷共8页,满分100分,考试时间150分钟。

考生答卷前必须将自己的姓名和准考证号写在答题卡上。

必须在答题卡上答题,写在试卷上的答案无效。

第一部分:阅读判断(第1-10题,每题1分,共10分)

下面的短文后列出了10个句子,请根据短文的内容对每个句子作出判断:如果该句提供的是正确信息,选择A;如果该句提供的是错误信息,选择B;如果该句的信息文中没有提及,选择C。在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

The Yellow Treehouse

Whenever I travel abroad, I try to eat out as much as possible in order to explore the local culture. Over the years, I have been to a great number of restaurants. Some of them have impressed me deeply. If I were to make a list of the most remarkable local restaurants, New Zealand's Yellow Treehouse would top my list.

This restaurant is located in the woods of Warkworth. It is about a 40-minute drive north of Auckland. It is a wooden tree house built ten meters above the ground on a Redwood tree. From the ground, it looks like a small onion-shaped knag (木节) in the middle of the tree trunk. The restaurant also has a narrow wooden bridge. It connects the restaurant with the neighboring trees. The place looks particularly pretty at night!

Inside, the place feels quite different from what it looks like outside. It is spacious (宽敞的) and comfortable. What I like the most about the construction is that it is built entirely of natural materials. The restaurant can host up to 30 guests at a time. It is a perfect place for a family celebration, like a wedding or a birthday party.

The cook of the place does a great job as well. The menu mainly consists of local food. Overall, the dinner is tasty, and the service attentive and polite. The place is really a must-see, or rather a must-eat-in.

1. When I travel abroad, I often eat in restaurants.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
2. Yellow Treehouse impressed me the most among the local restaurants.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
3. Warkworth is a suitable place for restaurants.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
4. Yellow Treehouse lies in the center of Auckland.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
5. The night view of the restaurant is very attractive.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
6. The inside of the restaurant is narrow but comfortable.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
7. The best thing I like about the construction is its onion shape.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
8. The restaurant can serve more than 30 people at a time.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
9. Many local people choose to have parties in the restaurant.
A. True B. False C. Not Given
10. The restaurant takes good care of the customers.
A. True B. False C. Not Given

第二部分：阅读选择（第 11~15 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

阅读下面短文，请从短文后所给各题的 4 个选项（A、B、C、D）中选出 1 个最佳选项，并在答题卡相应位置上将该项涂黑。

The European settlers moved to Africa a hundred years ago. Often they took land away from the Africans and set up farms at that time. Then they would hire the Africans to work on the farms at low wages. The best farms were in the White Highlands. That was where the wheat, coffee and corn were grown. Let us visit a farm belonging to Mr. Brown, a European settler a century ago.

If you are an African, you must change your clothes before you go. Put on dirty old clothes, the more ragged (衣衫褴褛) the better. Mr. Brown knows educated Africans by the way they dress. He does not allow these people to visit his farm. He says they are lazy and they have strange ideas that his workers do not need to know. In fact, he is afraid the outsiders will notice some things.

When you look around his big farm, you wonder where his workers live. All you see are some mud huts (窝棚), which you might think are for animals. A wire fence and a big ditch (沟) surround these huts. Mr. Brown has told his workers that the fence and ditch are necessary to keep thieves away. But Mr. Brown's own house has no fence and ditch. You might think that Mr. Brown just wanted to fence in his workers.

The farm is very large and rich. It has many good fat sheep, cows and pigs. But the workers are thin and hungry-looking. They all have dirty, ragged clothes. Yet they are very friendly and will take you to their homes. The hut is their kitchen, dining room, bedroom and bathroom. Everyone in the family sleeps there. The children all sleep on the floor with the sheep. You might not have dreamed that people can live so miserably.

11. The European settlers

- A. gave the African workers little pay.
- B. took away the farms built by the Africans
- C. had coffee and rice planted on the farms
- D. first set up farms in the White Highlands

12. Educated Africans are not allowed to visit the farm because they
- A. are very lazy B. have strange ideas
C. are dressed too well D. may discover the sad truth there
13. Mr. Brown built the fence and ditch to
- A. keep his own home safe B. protect his animals on the farm
C. prevent his workers from escaping D. guard the farm against thieves
14. The African workers
- A. wear clean uniforms to parties B. treat visitors in a friendly way
C. cook and sleep in different huts D. have their children sleep in beds
15. The best title for the text is
- A. European Farmers in Africa B. African Land a Century Ago
C. A Visit to Mr. Brown's House D. European-owned Farms in Africa

第三部分：概括段落大意和补全句子（第 16~25 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

阅读下面短文，请完成短文后的 2 项测试任务：（1）从第 16~20 题后所给的 6 个选项中为第①~⑤段每段选择 1 个正确的小标题；（2）从第 21~25 题后所给的 6 个选项中选择 5 个正确选项，分别完成每个句子。在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

The First Image of America

- ① Patricia Jose moved from the Philippines to America with her parents when she was a child. They didn't know many people in California when they first arrived that summer.
- ② At the end of the summer, school began. Patricia was in eighth grade. She had her schoolbag on one shoulder, with notebooks, a ruler, a pencil box and her lunch in it. She still remembers what she had for lunch on the first day of school—rice and tilapia (罗非鱼). Her mom placed everything in a big lunch box, knowing she had a good appetite.
- ③ When she walked into the classroom, everyone became quiet and looked at her. She was the only Filipino in that room. Everyone was white. They began the day by introducing themselves. When it was her turn to speak, everyone began to laugh. But she knew it had nothing to do with the language. It was her accent.
- ④ Some students tried to be nice, especially during lunch. But it didn't last long. She followed a group of students to the canteen and sat down at an empty table. Some girls joined her. As she opened her lunch box, she saw their heads turn away. They didn't like the smell of fish and left. In the Philippines, the only way to eat fish and rice is with your hands. But that

manner was strange here in America. She felt ashamed of the way she ate.

⑤ When she got home, she lied to her parents. She told them school was great and that she was excited to go back. But deep down, she wanted to go back to the Philippines.

Task 1

16. Paragraph ①:

17. Paragraph ②:

18. Paragraph ③:

19. Paragraph ④:

20. Paragraph ⑤:

A. Feelings after returning home

B. The teacher-parent meeting

C. Preparation for school

D. Lunch with classmates

E. Class on the first day

F. Arrival in America

Task 2

21. Patricia's mom prepared a big lunch box for her as

22. She attracted the attention of the whole class because

23. Her strange accent

24. The smell of her food

25. She didn't tell her parents

A. she ate a lot

B. caused laughter in class

C. what happened in school

D. made her classmates turn away

E. why she didn't act the American way

F. she was different from everyone else

第四部分：填句补文（第 26~30 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

下面的短文有 5 处空白，短文后有 6 个句子，其中 5 个取自短文，请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置，以恢复文章原貌，并在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

“Perfection”

Today, high school girls are constantly under the pressure from society's standard of “perfection”. They always take the skinny stars as their role models. 26 The pressure to be perfect is linked to self-image (个人形象) and weight issues.

A typical morning of a teenage girl today goes as follows. 27 She dresses herself in fashionable clothes in order to be more like the gorgeous (美丽动人) women. She keeps a strict diet in the hope of losing more weight. This is part of daily life. But the truth is that the stars viewed as role models have been living unhealthy lives for the whole world to see. 28

Images of famous, beautiful stars and their amazing lifestyles are always seen on TV. At first, I also find myself admire their skinny bodies. 29 Behind the pretty outside is a lifestyle full of self-harm. It's something I shouldn't look up to in order to be “perfect”.

30 Instead of being filled with self-doubt, I have come to feel the need to be full of self-confidence. I feel sure that I should not allow myself to be defined (下定义) by the expectations of others. This is why I now try to live my life free of the worry to be perfect.

-
- A. But then I realize the images are false.
- B. She paints her face with expensive makeup.
- C. Eating too little is harmful to people's health.
- D. As a result, some young girls always eat too little.
- E. Now I believe in being happy with my own self-image.
- F. These stars in effect promote eating disorders in young people.
-

第五部分：填词补文（第 31~40 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

下面的短文有 10 处空白，短文后列出 12 个词，其中 10 个取自短文，请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置，以恢复文章原貌，并在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

My Brother's Influence

Many people around me influenced my behavior. However, no one has influenced me more than my brother.

My brother has been my best friend and a 31 for learning values. We 32 up together. He was only two years older but many years 33. He always had time for me. He even let me 34 around with him when he was with his friends. So I felt important and 35.

Most 36, my brother taught me the value of learning about myself and my world. He taught me that 37 is power and knowing oneself is personal power. I now know that learning should 38 for a lifetime.

Indeed, my brother has played a major role in 39 my behavior and values throughout my life. Everyone should try to establish a 40 relationship with an older brother or sister.

A. continue

E. model

I. lasting

B. grew

F. importantly

J. faster

C. knowledge

G. wiser

K. hang

D. wanted

H. shaping

L. probably

第六部分：完形补文（第 41~50 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

下面的短文有 10 处空白，每处空白后的括号内有一个词，请根据短文内容将其正确的形式填入文中，以恢复文章原貌，并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

Lincoln's Early Years

Lincoln was born on February 12, 1809, in a wooden (wood) house in Kentucky. In 1816, Lincoln's family 41 (move) to southern Indiana where he went to local schools. Lincoln did not have much formal 42 (educate) due to his poor family background. He had to work 43 (constant) to support his family. In 1830, Lincoln got a job 44 (work) on a boat in Southern Illinois. Later Lincoln became 45 (involve) in local politics. He was a 46 (support) of the Whig Party (辉格党). Like some other Whig 47 (member) in the country, Lincoln was strongly against 48 (slave). In 1834, he won the 49 (elect) to the state legislature (州立法委员会). Lincoln taught himself law. After 50 (pass) the bar exam (律师资格考试) in 1836, he became a lawyer.

第七部分：短文写作（第 51 题，30 分）

请根据所提供材料中的要求完成一篇 80 词左右的英文写作任务。将你的答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

某英文报社正在举办题为“Water-saving and I”的征文活动。请你根据下述写作要点提交一篇英文短文应征。

- 为什么要节约用水
- 你能为节约用水做些什么

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2020 年 8 月高等教育自学考试全国统一命题考试

英语（一）试题答案及评分参考

（课程代码 00012）

第一部分：阅读判断（第 1~10 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 1. A | 2. A | 3. C | 4. B | 5. A |
| 6. B | 7. B | 8. B | 9. C | 10. A |

第二部分：阅读选择（第 11~15 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 11. A | 12. D | 13. C | 14. B | 15. D |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|

第三部分：概括段落大意和补全句子（第 16~25 题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 16. F | 17. C | 18. E | 19. D | 20. A |
| 21. A | 22. F | 23. B | 24. D | 25. C |

第四部分：填句补文（第 26~30 题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 26. D | 27. B | 28. F | 29. A | 30. E |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|

第五部分：填词补文（第 31~40 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 31. E | 32. B | 33. G | 34. K | 35. D |
| 36. F | 37. C | 38. A | 39. H | 40. I |

第六部分：完形补文（第 41~50 题，每题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

- | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| 41. moved | 42. education | 43. constantly | 44. working |
| 45. involved | 46. supporter | 47. members | 48. slavery |
| 49. election | 50. passing | | |

【评分参考】本部分无 0.5 和 1 分的计分。语法错误或拼写错误均不给分；英、美拼写均可接受；大小写错误不扣分。

第七部分：短文写作（第 51 题，30 分）

51. 范文（略）

1) 评分原则

本题总分为 30 分，按 5 个档次评分。

阅卷人应就总体印象给分，而不是按照语言错误的数量扣分。

评分时，先根据文章的内容要点、篇章结构和语言运用初步确定其所属的档次，然后依照该档次的具体要求酌情增减分数，最后给分。

应避免分数趋中现象，即不能只给中间档次的分数。该给高分时就应该给高分（包含满分），该给低分时就应给低分（包含 0 分）。

拼写和标点符号是语言准确性的一个方面。评分时，应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑。英式、美式拼写及用法均可接受。

如书写较差难以辨认，以致影响交际，或字数明显少于要求，将分数降低一个档次。

2) 评分标准

第一档 25~30 分：圆满完成了试题规定的任务。

- 清楚地表达了全部内容要点。
- 运用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务要求。
- 语言运用较为准确、恰当。

第二档 19~24 分：完成了试题规定的任务。

- 清楚地表达了全部或关键内容要点。
- 运用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的基本要求。
- 语言运用基本正确，虽有小错，但不影响理解。

第三档 13~18 分：基本完成了试题规定的任务。

- 提及了关键内容要点（可能漏掉了个别内容）。
- 运用的语法结构和词汇满足任务的最低要求。
- 存在一些语言错误，但基本不影响理解。

第四档 7~12 分：完成了一部分试题规定的任务。

- 遗漏或未能清楚表达内容要点。
- 语法结构和词汇单调。
- 语言错误较多，部分错误影响理解。

第五档 1~6 分：未完成试题规定的任务。

- 明显遗漏内容要点。
- 语法结构和词汇极单调。
- 语言错误很多，严重影响理解。

0 分：所传达的信息或所用语言太少，无法评价；所写内容与题目要求完全无关。