

## 1. Description

JR30N60, the silicon N-channel Enhanced MOSFETs, is obtained by advanced MOSFET technology which reduce the conduction loss, improve switching performance and enhance the avalanche energy. The transistor is suitable device for SMPS, high speed switching and general purpose applications.

### KEY CHARACTERISTICS

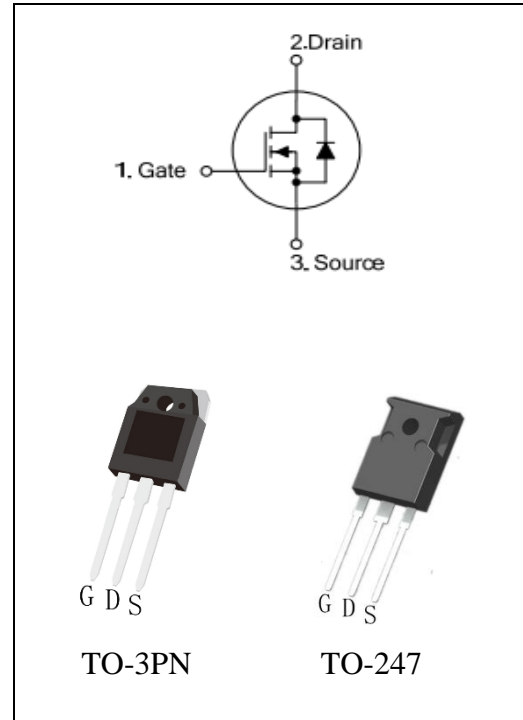
Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS}$	600	V
$I_D$	30	A
$R_{DS(ON).Typ}$	0.12	$\Omega$

### FEATURES

- Fast Switching
- Low  $C_{rss}$
- 100% avalanche tested
- Improved  $dv/dt$  capability
- RoHS product

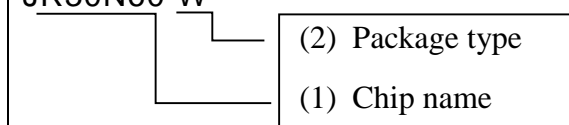
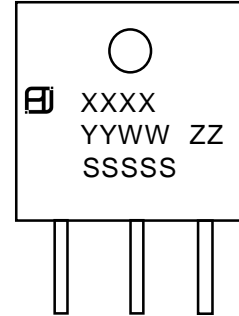
### APPLICATIONS

- High frequency switching mode power supply
- Electronic ballast



## ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering Codes	Package	Product Code	Packing
JR30N60-W	TO-3PN	30N60	Tube
JR30N60-F	TO-247		Tube

<p>JR30N60-W</p>  <p>(1) JR30N60: 600V 30A (2) W:TO-3PN F:TO-247</p>	 <p>XXXX: Product Code YYWW: Year&amp;Week ZZ: Assembly Code SSSS: Lot Code</p>
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## 2. ABSOLUTE RATINGS

at  $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
$V_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Voltage	600	V
$I_D$	Continuous Drain Current	30	A
	Continuous Drain Current $T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}$	19.8	A
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current(Note1)	120	A
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 30$	V
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy(Note2)	3700	mJ
$dv/dt$	Peak Diode Recovery $dv/dt$ (Note3)	5.0	V/ns
PD	Power Dissipation	365	W
	Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$	2.9	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$T_J, T_{stg}$	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	150, $-55$ to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_L$	Maximum Temperature for Soldering	300	$^\circ\text{C}$

## 3. Thermal characteristics

### Thermal characteristics TO-3PN/TO-247

Symbol	Parameter	RATINGS	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	0.34	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	62.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

## 4. Electrical Characteristics

at  $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

OFF Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Values			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$V_{DSS}$	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS}=0V$ , $I_D=250\mu A$	600	--	--	V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Bvdss Temperature Coefficient	$I_D=250\mu A$ , Reference $25^\circ\text{C}$	--	0.67	--	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Drain to Source Leakage Current	$V_{DS} = 600V$ , $V_{GS} = 0V$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	--	--	1	$\mu A$
		$V_{DS} = 480V$ , $V_{GS} = 0V$ , $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	--	--	10	$\mu A$
$I_{GSS(F)}$	Gate to Source Forward Leakage	$V_{GS} = +30V$	--	--	100	nA
$I_{GSS(R)}$	Gate to Source Reverse Leakage	$V_{GS} = -30V$	--	--	-100	nA

ON Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Values			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10V$ , $I_D=15A(\text{Note4})$	--	0.12	0.15	$\Omega$
$V_{GS(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250\mu A(\text{Note4})$	2	3	4	V
$g_{fs}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=15V$ , $I_D = 15A(\text{Note4})$	--	52.0	--	S

Dynamic Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Values			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$	--	1.1	--	$\Omega$
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0V$ $V_{DS} = 25V$ $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$	--	10000	--	PF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance		--	640	--	
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		--	28	--	

Switching Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Values			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$t_{d(ON)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	ID =30A VDD = 300V VGS = 10V RG =10Ω	--	160	--	ns
$t_r$	Rise Time		--	550	--	
$t_{d(OFF)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		--	125	--	
$t_f$	Fall Time		--	200	--	
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	ID =30A VDD =480V VGS = 10V	--	146	--	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate to Source Charge		--	50	--	
$Q_{gd}$	Gate to Drain ("Miller")Charge		--	32	--	

Source-Drain Diode Characteristics						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Values			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	TC=25 °C	--	--	30	A
$I_{SM}$	Maximum Pulsed Current (Body Diode)		--	--	120	A
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	IS=30A, VGS=0V(Note4)	--	--	1.2	V
$T_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	IS=30A, Tj = 25°C dIF/dt=100A/us, VGS=0V	--	240	--	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		--	6880	--	nC

Note1: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature

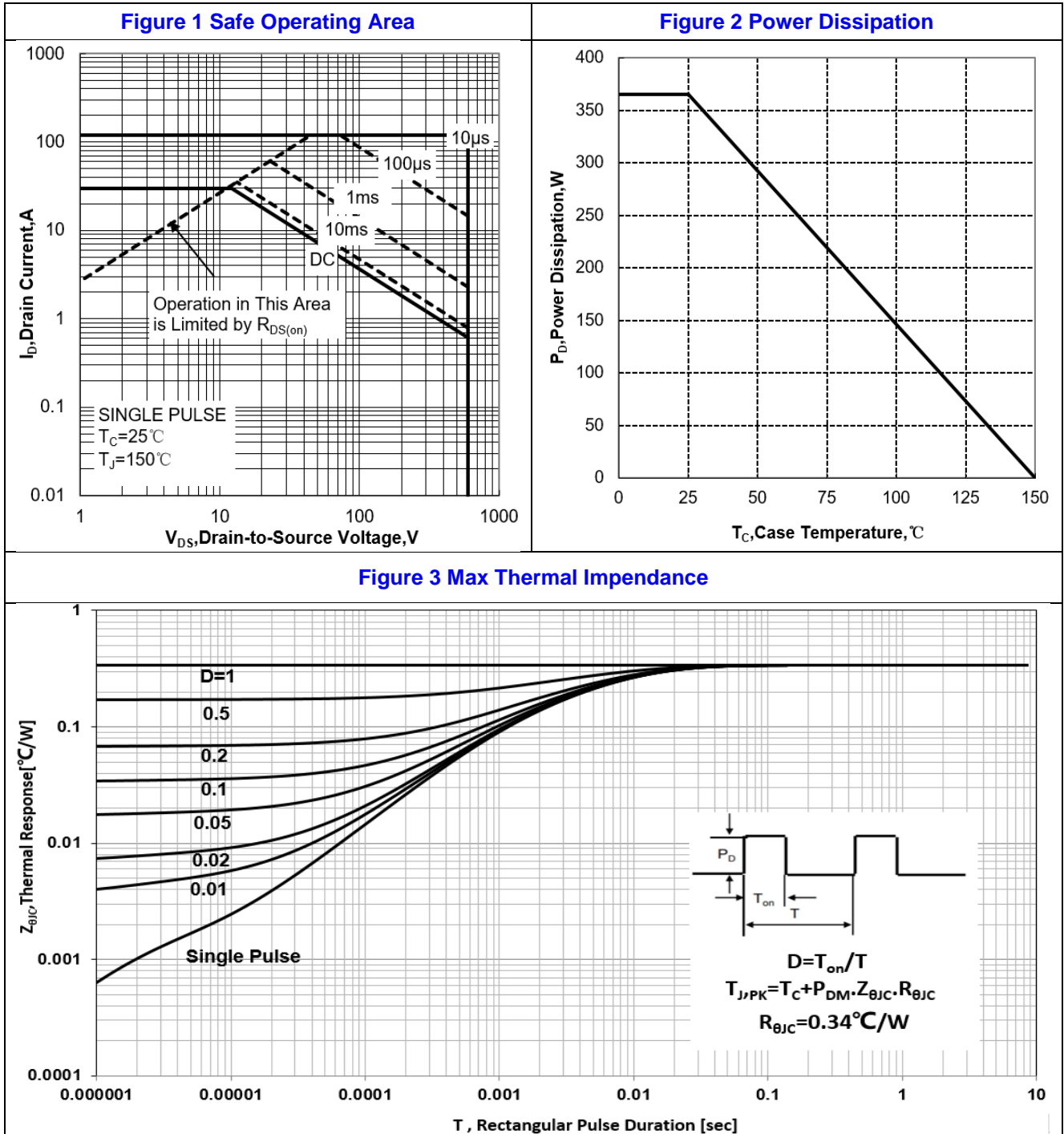
Note2: L=10mH, V<sub>DS</sub>=200V, R<sub>g</sub>=25 Ω, Start T<sub>J</sub>=25°C

Note3: ISD =30A, di/dt ≤100A/us, VDD≤BVDS, Start T<sub>J</sub>=25°C

Note4: Pulse width tp≤300μs, δ≤2%

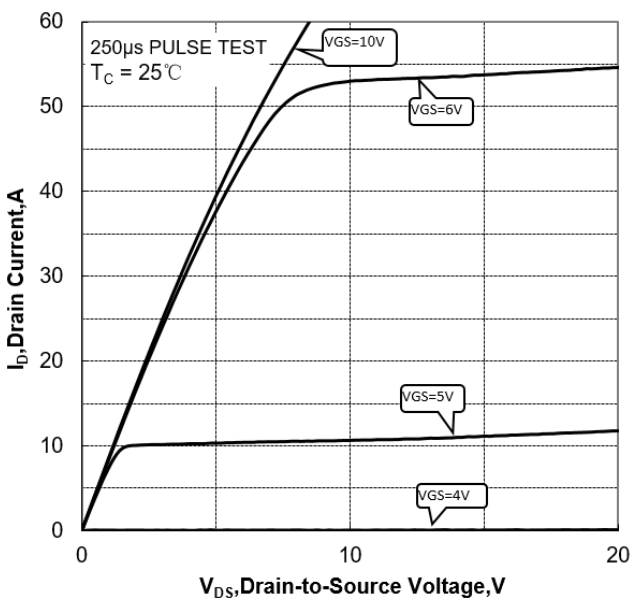


## 5. Characteristics Curves

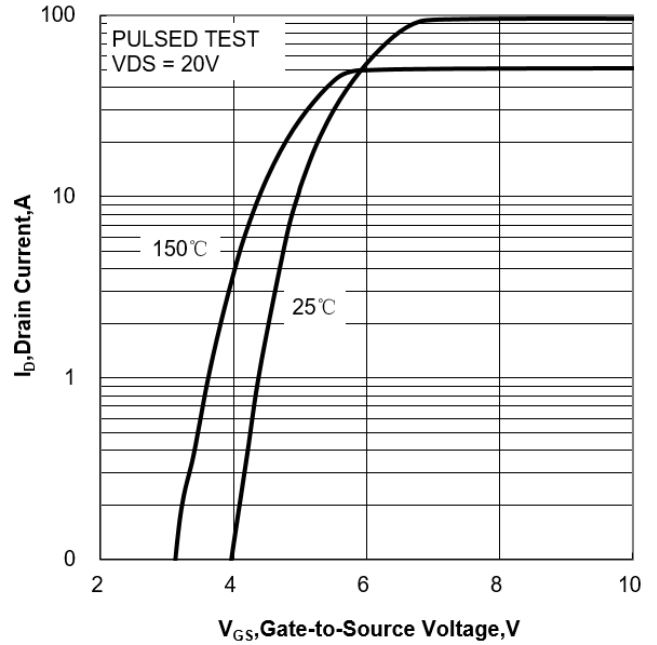




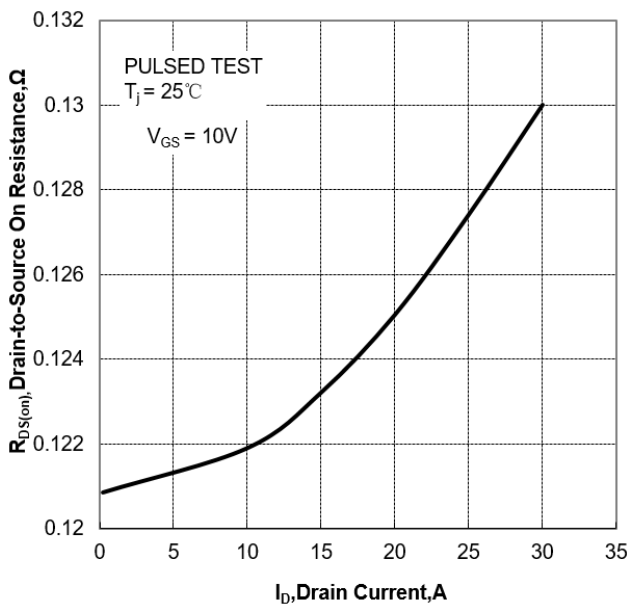
**Figure 4 Typical Output Characteristics**



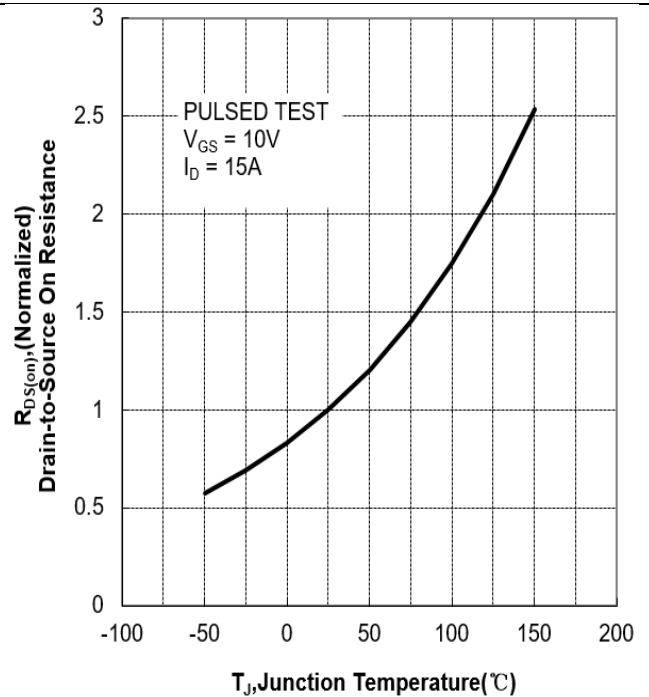
**Figure 5 Typical Transfer Characteristics**



**Figure 6 Typical Drain to Source ON Resistance vs Drain Current**

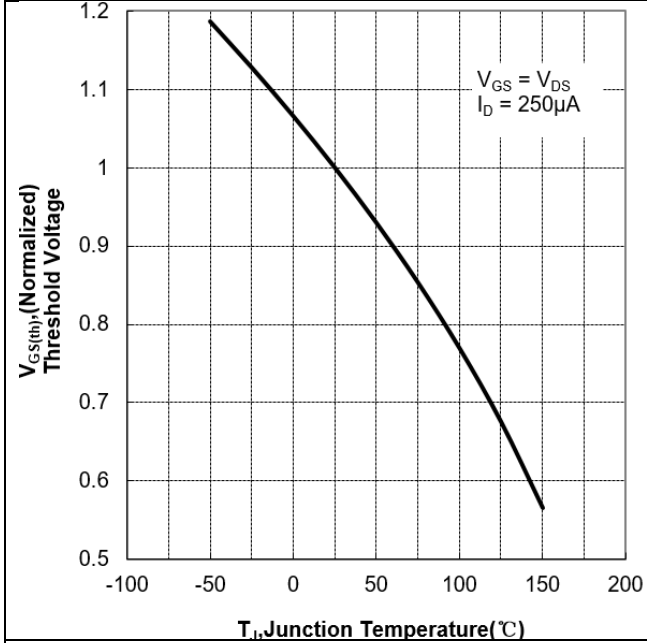


**Figure 7 Typical Drain to Source on Resistance vs Junction Temperature**

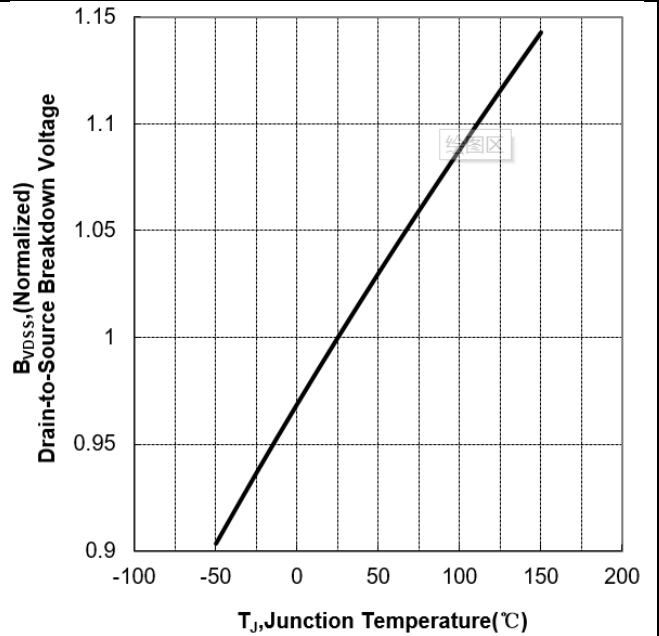




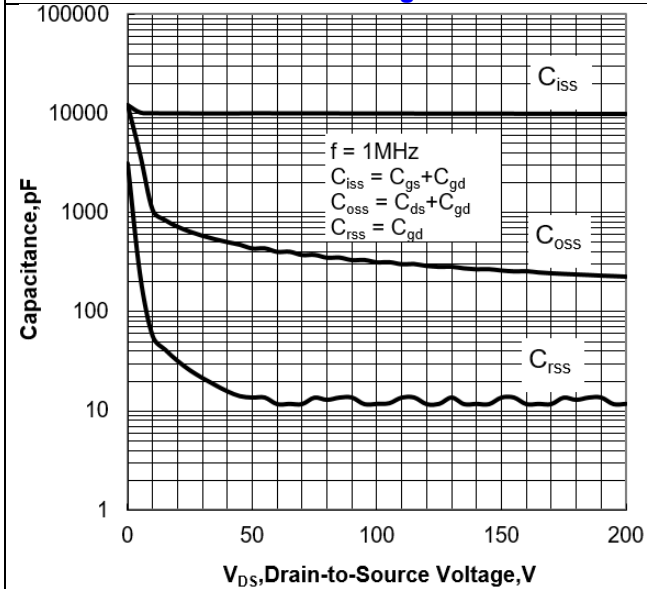
**Figure 8 Typical Theshold Voltage vs Junction Temperature**



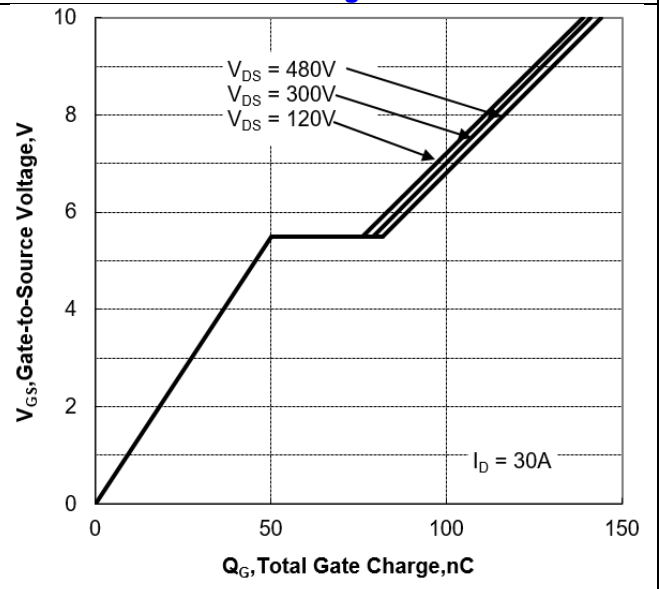
**Figure 9 Typical Breakdown Voltage vs Junction Temperature**



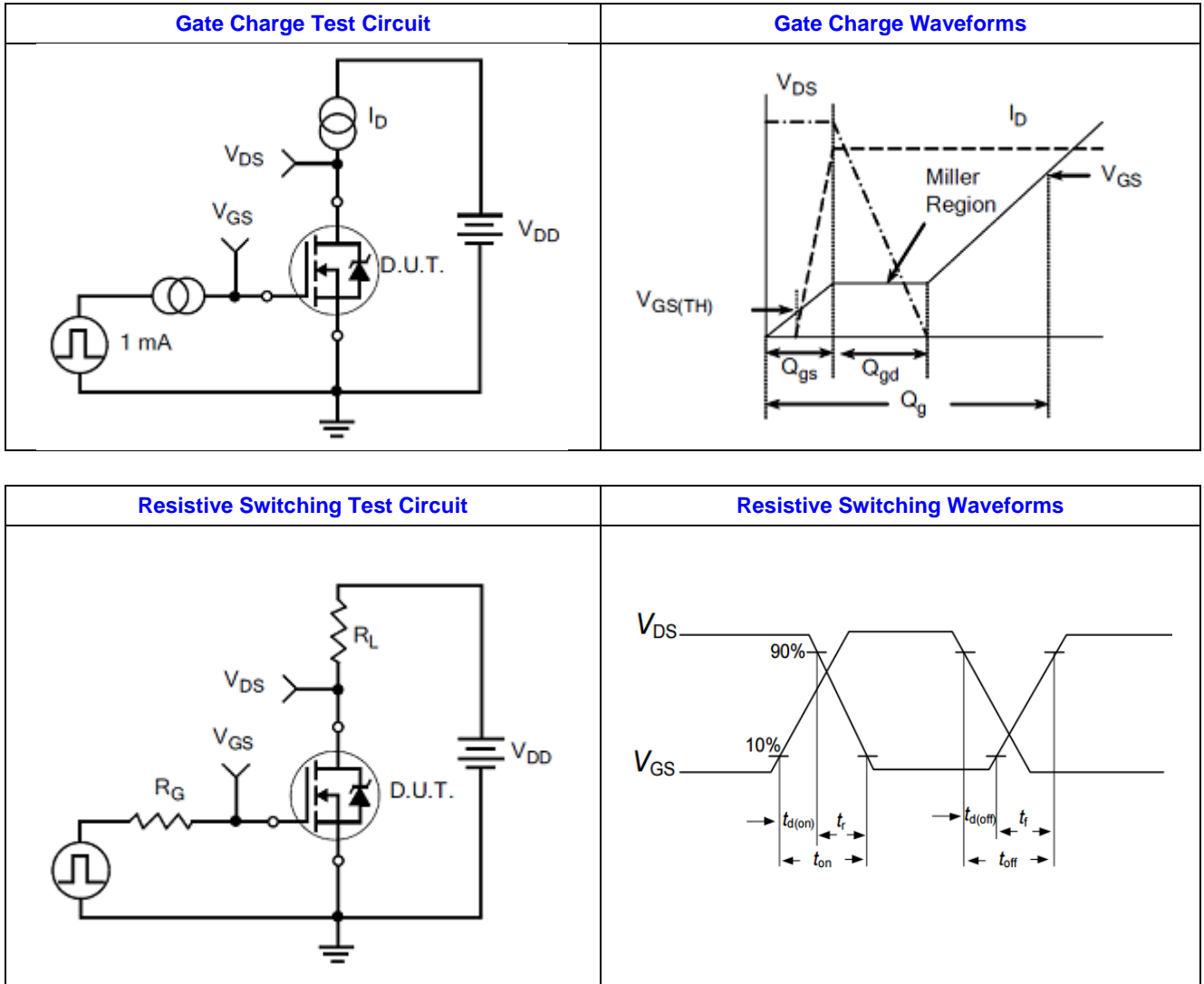
**Figure 10 Typical Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage**



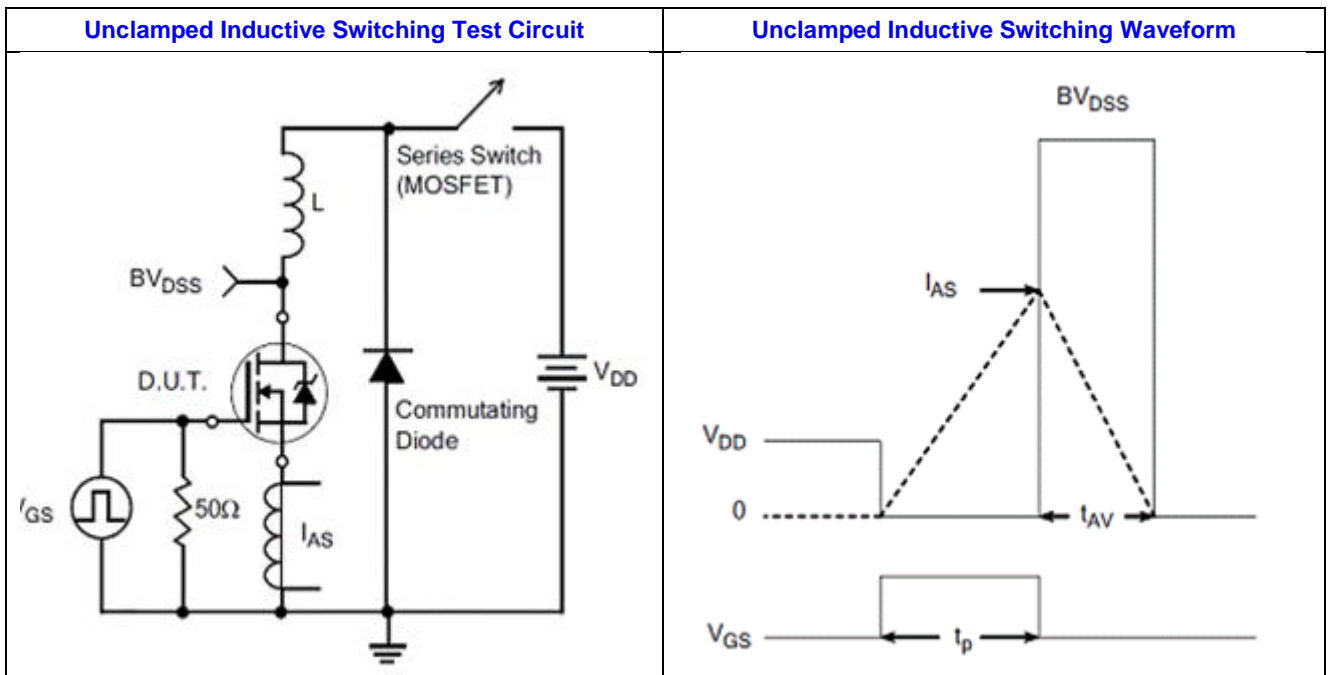
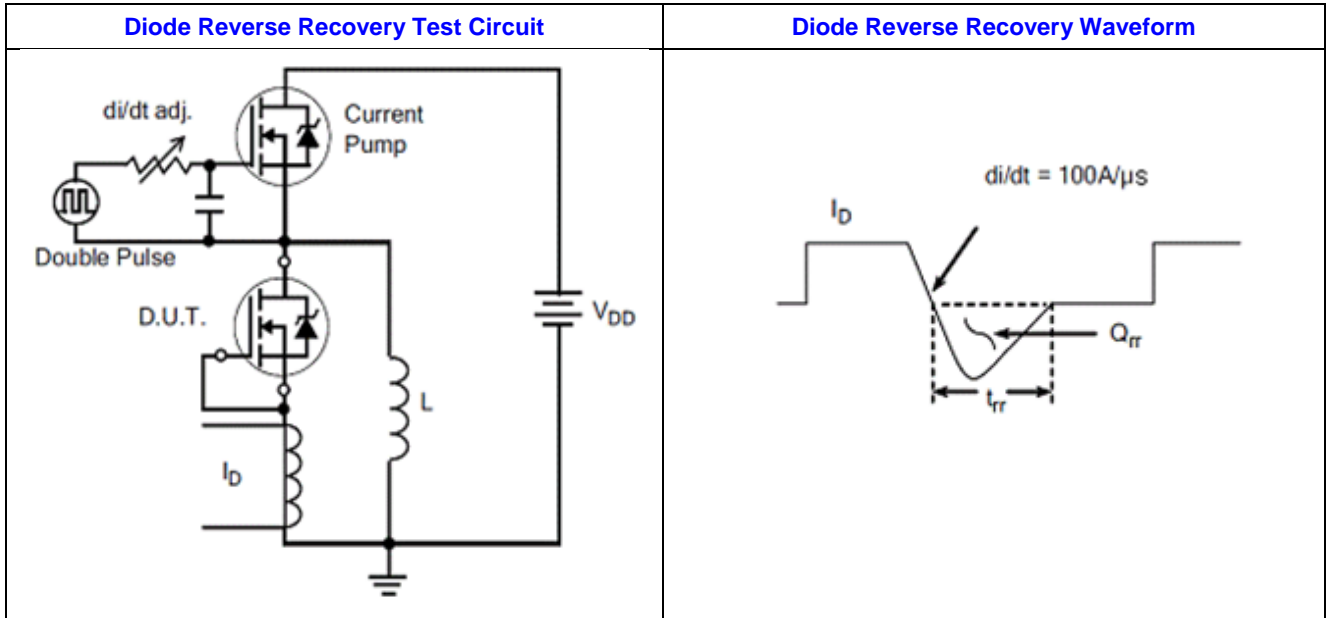
**Figure 11 Typical Gate Charge vs Gate to Source Voltage**



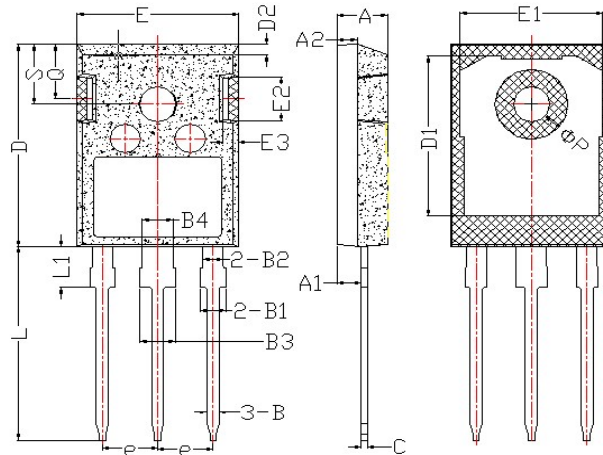
## 6. Test Circuit and Waveform





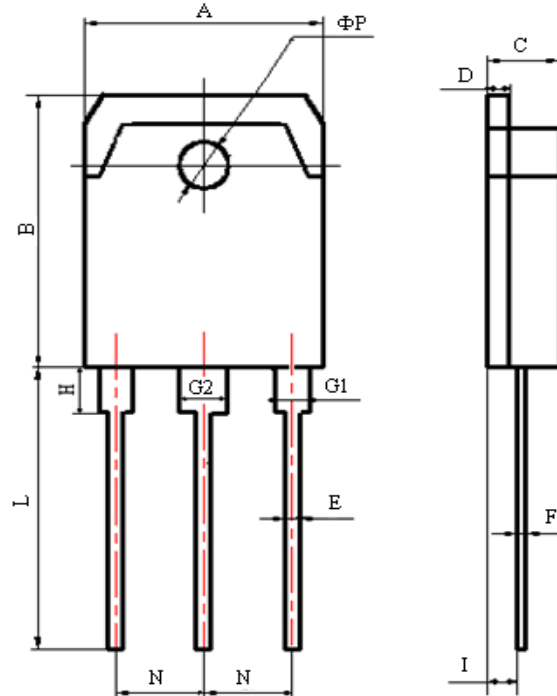


## 7. Package Description



Items	Values(mm)	
	MIN	MAX
A	4.6	5.2
A1	2.2	2.6
B	0.9	1.4
B1	1.75	2.35
B2	1.75	2.15
B3	2.8	3.35
B4	2.8	3.15
C	0.5	0.7
D	20.60	21.30
D1	16	18
E	15.5	16.10
E1	13	14.7
E2	3.80	5.3
E3	0.8	2.60
e	5.2	5.7
L	19	20.5
L1	3.9	4.6
$\Phi_P$	2.5	3.70
Q	5.2	6.00
S	5.8	6.6

### TO-247 Package



Items	Values(mm)	
	MIN	MAX
A	15.00	16.00
B	19.20	20.60
C	4.60	5.00
D	1.40	1.60
E	0.90	1.10
F	0.50	0.70
G1	2.00	2.20
G2	3.00	3.20
H	3.00	3.70
I	1.20	1.70
	2.70	2.90
L	19.00	21.00
N	5.25	5.65
ϕ P	3.10	3.30

TO-3PN Package



**NOTE:**

1. Exceeding the maximum ratings of the device in performance may cause damage to the device, even the permanent failure, which may affect the dependability of the machine. Please do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings of the device when circuit designing.
2. When installing the heat sink, please pay attention to the torsional moment and the smoothness of the heat sink.
3. MOSFETs is the device which is sensitive to the static electricity, it is necessary to protect the device from being damaged by the static electricity when using it.
4. Shanghai Jerrett reserves the right to make changes in this specification sheet and is subject to change without prior notice.